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(54) Title: A METHOD FOR GENERATING BIRNAVIRUS FROM SYNTHETIC RNA TRANSCRIPTS

(57) Abstract

A system for the generation of live Birnavirus such as infectious bursal disease virus (IBDV), a segmented double-stranded (ds)RNA virus of the *Birnavirdae* family, using synthetic transcripts derived from cloned DNA has been developed. Independent full-length cDNA clones were constructed which contained the entire coding and non-coding regions of RNA segments A and B of IBDV, respectively. Synthetic RNAs of both segments were produced by *in vitro* transcription of linearized plasmids with T7 RNA polymerase. Transfection of Vero cells with combined plus-sense transcripts of both segments generated infectious virus as early as 36 hours post-transfection. The development of a reverse genetics system for dsRNA viruses will greatly facilitate studies of the regulation of viral gene expression pathogenesis, and design of a new generation of live and inactivated vaccines.



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A METHOD FOR GENERATING BIRNAVIRUS FROM SYNTHETIC RNA TRANSCRIPTS

Background of the Invention

Infectious bursal disease virus (IBDV), a member of the *Bimaviridae* family, is the causative agent of a highly immunosuppressive disease in young chickens (Kibenge, F.S.B., et al., *J. Gen. Virol.*, 69, 1757-1775 (1988)). Infectious bursal disease (IBD) or Gumboro disease is characterized by the destruction of lymphoid follicles in the bursa of Fabricius. In a fully susceptible chicken flock of 3-6 weeks of age the clinical disease causes severe immunosuppression, and is responsible for losses due to impaired growth, decreased feed efficiency, and death. Susceptible chickens less than 3 weeks old do not exhibit outward clinical signs of the disease but have a marked infection characterized by gross lesions of the bursa.

The virus associated with the symptoms of the disease is called infectious bursal disease virus (IBDV). IBDV is a pathogen of major economic importance to the nation and world's poultry industries. It causes severe immunodeficiency in young chickens by destruction of precursors of antibody-production B cells in the bursa of Fabricius. Immunosuppression causes increased susceptibility to other diseases, and interferes with effective vaccination against Newcastle disease, Marek's disease and infectious bronchitis disease viruses.

There are two known serotypes of IBDV. Serotype I viruses are pathogenic to chickens whereas serotype II viruses infect chickens and turkeys. The infection of turkeys is presently of unknown clinical significance.

IBDV belongs to a group of viruses called *Birnaviridae* which includes other bisegmented RNA viruses such as infectious pancreatic necrosis virus (fish), tellina virus and oyster virus (bivalve mollusks) and drosophila X virus (fruit fly). These viruses all contain high molecular weight (MW) double-stranded RNA genomes.

The capsid of the IBDV virion consists of several structural proteins.

As many as nine structural proteins have been reported but there is evidence that some of these may have a precursor-product relationship (Kibenge,

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F.S.B., et al., *J. Gen. Virol.*, 69, 1757-1775 (1988)). The designation and molecular weights of the viral proteins (VP) are as shown below.

5	Viral Protein	Molecular Weight
-	VP1	90 kDa
	VP2	41 kDa
	VP3	32 kDa
	VP4	28 kDa
כ	VP5	17 kDa

Two segments of double-stranded RNA were identified in the genome of IBDV. The IBDV genome consists of two segments of double-stranded (ds)RNA that vary between 2827 (segment B) to 3261 (segment A) nucleotide base pairs (Mundt, E. et al., Virology, 209, 10-18 (1995)). The larger segment A encodes a polyprotein which is cleaved by autoproteolysis to form mature viral proteins VP2, VP3 and VP4 (Hudson, P.J. et al., Nucleic Acids Res., 14, 5001-5012 (1986)). VP2 and VP3 are the major structural proteins of the virion. VP2 is the major host-protective immunogen of IBDV, and contains the antigenic regions responsible for the induction of neutralizing antibodies (Azad, et al., Virology, 161, 145-152 (1987)). A second open reading frame (ORF), preceding and partially overlapping the polyprotein gene, encodes a protein (VP5) of unknown function that is present in IBDV-infected cells (Mundt, E., et al., J. Gen. Virol., 76, 437-443, (1995)). The smaller segment B encodes VP1, a 90-kDa multifunctional protein with polymerase and capping enzyme activities (Spies, U., et al., Virus Res., 8, 127-140 (1987): Spies, U., et al., J. Gen. Virol., 71, 977-981 (1990)).

It has been demonstrated that the VP2 protein is the major host protective immunogen of IBDV, and that it contains the antigenic region responsible for the induction of neutralizing antibodies. The region containing the neutralization site has been shown to be highly conformation-dependent. The VP3 protein has been considered to be a group-specific antigen because

it is recognized by monoclonal antibodies directed against it from strains of both serotype I and II viruses. The VP4 protein appears to be a virus-coded protease that is involved in the processing of a precursor polyprotein of the VP2, VP3 and VP4 proteins.

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Although the nucleotide sequences for genome segments A and B of various IBDV strains have been published, it was only recently that the complete 5'- and 3'-noncoding sequences of both segments were determined. The 5'-noncoding region of IBDV segments A and B contain a consensus sequence of 32 nucleotides, whereas the 3'-noncoding terminal sequences of both segments are unrelated, but conserved among IBDV strains of the same serotype (Mundt, E. et al., *Virology*, 209, 10-18 (1995)). These terminii might contain sequences important in packaging and in the regulation of IBDV gene expression, as demonstrated for other dsRNA containing viruses such as mammalian and plant reoviruses, and rotaviruses (Anzola, et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 84, 8301-8305 (1987); Zou, S., et al., *Virology*, 186, 377-388 (1992); Gorziglia, M.I., et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 89, 5784-5788 (1992)).

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In recent years, a number of infectious animal RNA viruses have been generated from cloned cDNA using transcripts produced by DNA-dependent RNA polymerase (Boyer, J.C., et al., *Virology*, 198, 415-426 (1994)). For example poliovirus, a plus-stranded RNA virus; influenza virus, a segmented negative-stranded RNA virus; rabies virus, a non-segmented negative-stranded RNA virus; all were recovered from cloned cDNAs of their respective genomes (van der Werf, S., et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 83, 2330-2334 (1986); Enami, M., et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 87, 3802-3805 (1990); Schnell, M.J., et al., *EMBO J.*, 13, 4195-4205 (1994)). For reovirus, it was shown that transfection of cells with a combination of SSRNA, dsRNA and *in vitro* translated reovirus products generated infectious reovirus when complemented with a helper virus from a different serotype (Roner, M.R., et al., *Virology*, 179, 845-852 (1990)). However, to date, there has been no report of a recovered infectious virus of segmented dsRNA genome from synthetic RNAs only.

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Summary of the Invention

This invention relates to the infectious bursal disease virus (IBDV) that is associated with Gumboro disease of young chickens. More particularly, this invention relates to a system for the generation of infectious bursal disease virus (IBDV) using synthetic transcripts derived from cloned cDNA. The present invention will facilitate studies of the regulation of viral gene expression, pathogenesis and design of a new generation of live and inactivated vaccines.

Detailed Description of the Invention

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In an effort to develop a reverse genetics system for IBDV, three independent full-length cDNA clones which contain segment A of serotype I strain D78 or serotype II strain 23/82 and segment B of the serotype I strain P2, respectively, were constructed. Synthetic RNAs of segments A and B were produced by *in vitro* transcription reaction on linearized plasmids with T7 RNA polymerase. Transcripts of these segments, either untreated or treated with DNase or RNase, were evaluated for the generation of infectious virus by transfection of Vero cells.

The present inventors have demonstrated that synthetic transcripts derived from cloned DNA corresponding to the entire genome of a segmented dsRNA animal virus can give rise to a replicating virus. The recovery of infectious virus after transfecting cells with synthetic plus-sense RNAs derived from cloned cDNA of a virus with a dsRNA genome (IBDV) completes the quest of generating reverse infectious systems for RNA viruses. A number of investigators have generated infectious animal RNA viruses from cloned cDNA (Boyer, J.C., et al., *Virology*, 198, 415-426 (1994)). Van der Werf et al. were first to generate poliovirus, a plus-stranded RNA virus, using synthetic RNA produced by T7 RNA polymerase on cloned cDNA template (van der Werf, S., et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 83, 2330-2334 (1986)). later, Enami et al. rescued influenza virus, a segmented negative-stranded RNA virus (Enami, M., et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 87, 3802-3805 (1990)); and Schnell et al. generated rabies virus, a non-segmented negative-stranded RNA virus, from cloned cDNAs of their respective genomes (Schnell, M.J., et

al., *EMBO J.*, 13, 4195-4205 (1994)). Roner et al. developed an infectious system for a segmented dsRNA reovirus by transfecting cells with a combination of synthetic ssRNA, dsRNA, *in vitro* translated reovirus products, and complemented with a helper virus of different serotype (Roner, M.R., et al., *Virology*, 179, 845-852 (1990)). The resulting virus was discriminated from the helper virus by plaque assay. However, in this system the use of a helper virus was necessary. In contrast, the presently described reverse genetics system of IBDV does not require a helper virus or other viral proteins. Transfection of cells with plus-sense RNAs of both segments was sufficient to generate infectious virus (IBDV). The fate of the additional one or four nucleotides, respectively, transcribed at the 3'-end of segment A was not determined. However, this did not prevent the replication of the viral dsRNA. Similar effects were observed for plus-stranded RNA viruses by different investigators (Boyer, J.C., et al., *Virology*, 198, 415-426 (1994)).

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Transfection of plus-sense RNAs of both segments into the same cell was necessary for the successful recovery of IBDV. Transfected RNAs of both segments had to be translated by the cellular translation machinery. The polyprotein of segment A was presumably processed into VP2. VP3 and VP4 proteins which form the viral capsid. The translated protein VP1 of segment B probably acted as a RNA-dependent RNA polymerase and transcribed minus-strands from synthetic plus-strands of both segments, and the reaction products formed dsRNA. Recently, Dobos reported that in vitro transcription by the virion RNA-dependent RNA polymerase of infectious pancreatic necrosis virus (IPNV), a prototype virus of the Birnaviridae family, is primed by VP1 and then proceeds via an asymmetric, semiconservative, stranddisplacement mechanism to synthesize only plus strands during replication of the viral genome (Dobos, P., Virology, 208, 10-25 (1995)). The present system shows that synthesis of minus-strands proceeds on the plus-strands. Whether the resulting transcribed minus-strand RNA serves as a template for the transcription of plus-strands or not remains the subject of further investigation.

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To prove that the infectious IBDV contained in the supernatants of transfected cells was indeed derived from the synthetic transcripts, an artificial chimera was generated containing segment A of a serotype II strain and segment B of a serotype I strain. Sequence analysis verified this genome combination. The results also indicate that the terminal sequence motifs described by Mundt and Müller are probably responsible for replication, sorting and packaging of the viral genome (Mundt, E. et al., *Virology*, 209, 10-18 (1995)). Presence of serotype-specific terminal sequences obviously does not prevent proper replication of serotype II A segment by the action of the RNA-dependent RNA polymerase VP1 of the serotype I segment B. The ability to create recombinant viruses will greatly help in analyzing the precise function of serotype-specific and serotype-common terminal sequences.

The recovery of infectious IBDV demonstrates that only the plus-strand RNAs of both segments are sufficient to initiate replication of dsRNA. Thus, the results are in agreement with the general features of reovirus and rotavirus replication where the plus-strand RNAs serve as a template for the synthesis of progeny minus-strands to yield dsRNA (Schonberg, M., et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* Patton, J.T., *Virus Res.*, 6, 217-233 (1986); Chen, D., et al., *J. Virol.*, 68, 7030-7039 (1994)). However, the semiconservative, strand displacement mechanisms proposed by Spies et al. and Dobos could not be excluded (Spies, U., et al., *Virus Res.*, 8, 127-140 (1987); Dobos, P., *Virology*, 208, 10-25 (1995)). The development of a reverse genetics system for IBDV will greatly facilitate future studies of gene expression, pathogenesis, and help in the design of new generations of live and inactivated IBDV vaccines.

As used in the present application, the term "synthetic" as applied to nucleic acids indicates that it is a man made nucleic acid in contrast to a naturally occurring nucleic acid. The term implies no limitation as to the method of manufacture, which can be chemical or biological as long as the method of manufacture involves the intervention of man.

The term "cDNA" is intended to encompass any cDNA containing segments A and B and the 5' and 3' noncoding regions of segments A and B.

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The term "infectious" as applied to viruses indicates that the virus has the ability to reproduce. The virus can be pathogenic or nonpathogentic and still be infectious.

The present invention provides a system for the generation of infectious bursal disease virus using synthetic RNA transcripts. This system can be used to study the regulation of viral gene expression, pathogenesis, and for the design of a new generation of live and inactivated IBDV vaccines.

The present invention provides a recombinant vector containing at least one copy of the cDNA according to the present invention. The recombinant vector may also comprise other necessary sequences such as expression control sequences, markers, amplifying genes, signal sequences, promoters, and the like, as is known in the art. Useful vectors for this purpose are plasmids, and viruses such as baculoviruses, herpes virus (HVT) and pox viruses, e.g., fowl pox virus, and the like.

Also provided herein is a host cell transformed with the recombinant vector of the present invention or a host cell transfected with the synthetic RNA of the present invention. The host cell may be a eukaryotic or a prokaryotic host cell. Suitable examples are *E. coli*, insect cell lines such as Sf-9, chicken embryo fibroblast (CEF) cells, chicken embryo kidney (CEK)

cells, African green monkey Vero cells and the like.

Also part of this invention is an IBDV poultry vaccine comprising a poultry protecting amount of a recombinantly produced virus or portion of a virus, wherein the virus is inactivated or modified such that it is no longer virulent.

The virus can be inactivated by chemical or physical means. Chemical inactivation can be achieved by treating the virus with, for example, enzymes, formaldehyde, β -propiolactone, ethylene-imine or a derivative thereof, an organic solvent (e.g. halogenated hydrocarbon) and or a detergent. If necessary, the inactivating substance can be neutralized after the virus has been inactivated. Physical inactivation can be carried out by subjecting the viruses to radiation such as UV light, X-radiation, or y-radiation.

The virus can be attenuated by known methods including serial passage, deleting sequences of nucleic acids and site directed mutagenesis either before or after production of the infectious virus to produce a virus which retains sufficient antigenicity but which has reduced virulence.

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Physiologically acceptable carriers for vaccination of poultry are known in the art and need not be further described herein. In addition to being physiologically acceptable to the poultry the carrier must not interfere with the immunological response elicited by the vaccine and/or with the expression of its polypeptide product.

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Other additives, such as adjuvants and stabilizers, among others, may also be contained in the vaccine in amounts known in the art. Preferably, adjuvants such as aluminum hydroxide, aluminum phosphate, plant and animal oils, and the like, are administered with the vaccine in amounts sufficient to enhance the immune response to the IBDV. The amount of adjuvant added to the vaccine will vary depending on the nature of the adjuvant, generally ranging from about 0.1 to about 100 times the weight of the IBDV, preferably from about 1 to about 10 times the weight of the IBDV.

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The vaccine of the present invention may also contain various stabilizers. Any suitable stabilizer can be used including carbohydrates such as sorbitol, mannitol, starch, sucrose, dextrin, or glucose; proteins such as albumin or casein; and buffers such as alkaline metal phosphate and the like. A stabilizer is particularly advantageous when a dry vaccine preparation is prepared by lyophilization.

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The vaccine can be administered by any suitable known method of inoculating poultry including nasally, ophthalmically, by injection, in drinking water, in the feed, by exposure, and the like. Preferably, the vaccine is administered by mass administration techniques such as by placing the vaccine in drinking water or by spraying the animals' environment. When administered by injection, the vaccines are preferably administered parenterally. Parenteral administration as used herein means administration by intravenous, subcutaneous, intramuscular, or intraperitoneal injection.

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The vaccine of the present invention is administered to poultry to prevent IBD anytime before or after hatching. Preferably, the vaccine is administered prior to the time of birth and after the animal is about 6 weeks of age. Poultry is defined to include but not be limited to chickens, roosters, hens, broilers, roasters, breeders, layers, turkeys and ducks.

The vaccine may be provided in a sterile container in unit form or in other amounts. It is preferably stored frozen, below -20°C, and more preferably below -70°C. It is thawed prior to use, and may be refrozen immediately thereafter. For administration to poultry the recombinantly produced virus may be suspended in a carrier in an amount of about 10⁴ to 10⁷ pfu/ml, and more preferably about 10⁵ to 10⁶ pfu/ml in a carrier such as a saline solution. The inactivated vaccine may contain the antigenic equivalent of 10⁴ to 10⁷ pfu/ml suspended in a carrier. Other carriers may also be utilized as is known in the art. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable carriers are diluents and inert pharmaceutical carriers known in the art. Preferably, the carrier or diluent is one compatible with the administration of the vaccine by mass administration techniques. However, the carrier or diluent may also be compatible with other administration methods such as injection, eye drops, nose drops, and the like.

The invention also can be used to produce combination vaccines with the IBDV material. The IBDV material can be combined with antigen material of Newcastle Disease Virus Infectious Bronchitis virus, Reo virus, Adeno virus and/or the Marek virus.

The foregoing embodiments of the present invention are further described in the following Examples. However, the present invention is not limited by the Examples, and variations will be apparent to those skilled in the art without departing from the scope of the present invention.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 is a schematic diagram of cDNA constructs used for synthesis of plus-sense ssRNAs of IBDV with T7 RNA polymerase. Construct pUC19FLAD78 contains the cDNA of segment A of IBDV strain D78 and the recombinant plasmid pUC18FLA23 contains the full-length cDNA of segment

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A of IBDV strain 23/82. Segment A of IBDV encodes the polyprotein (VP2-VP4-VP3), and the recently identified VP5 protein. Plasmid pUC18FLBP2 contains the cDNA of segment B of strain P2 which encodes the RNA-dependent RNA polymerase (VP1). Virus specific sequences are underlined and the T7 promoter sequences are italicized. Restriction sites are shown in boldface and identified. The cleavage sites of the linearized plasmids are shown by vertical arrows and the transcription directions are marked by horizontal arrows.

Figure 2 shows an agarose gel analysis of the transcription reaction products that were used for transfection of Vero cells. Synthetic RNAs transcribed *in vitro* using T7 RNA polymerase and linearized plasmids pUC19FLAD78 (lanes 2, 4 and 6) containing the cDNA of segment A of IBDV strain D78, and pUC18FLBP2 (lanes 1, 3 and 5) containing the cDNA of segment B of strain P2, respectively. After transcription, the reaction mixtures were either treated with DNase (lanes 1 and 2), RNase (lanes 3 and 4) or left untreated (lanes 5 and 6). Two µl of the reaction products were analyzed on 1% agarose gel. Lambda DNA, digested with *Hind* III/EcoR I, was used as markers (lane M).

Figure 3 shows a comparison of nucleotide sequences of cloned RT-PCR fragments from segments A and B of the chimeric IBDV strain 23A/P2B (bold-typed) with known sequences of segments A and B of serotype II strain 23/82 and serotype I strain P2, respectively. Nucleotide identities are marked by a colon.

Figure 4 shows the DNA sequence of pUC18FLA23.

Figure 5 shows the DNA sequence of pUC19FLAD78.

Figure 6 shows the DNA sequence of pUC18FLBP2.

EXAMPLES

Viruses and Cells. Two serotype I strains of IBDV, the attenuated P2 strain from Germany and the vaccine strain D78 (Intervet International), and one serotype II strain, the apathogenic 23/82 strain, were propagated in chicken embryo cells (CEC) and purified (Mundt, E. et al., Virology, 209, 10-18 (1995); Vakharia, V.N., et al., Virus Res., 31, 265-273 (1994)). Vero cells

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were grown in M199 medium supplemented with 5% fetal calf serum (FCS) and used for transfection experiments. Further propagation of the recovered virus and immunofluorescence studies were carried out in Vero cells (Mundt, E., et al., *J. Gen. Virol.*, 76, 437-443, (1995)). For plaque assay, monolayers of secondary CEC were prepared and used (Müller, H., et al., *Virus Res.*, 4, 297-309 (1986)).

Construction of Full-Length cDNA Clones of IBDV genome. Fulllength cDNA clones of IBDV segments A and B were independently prepared. The cDNA clones containing the entire coding region of the RNA segment A of strain D78 were prepared using standard cloning procedures and methods (Vakharia, V.N., et al., Virus Res., 31, 265-273 (1994)). By comparing the D78 terminal sequences with recently published terminal sequences of other IBDV strains (Mundt, E. et al., Virology, 209, 10-18 (1995)), it was observed that D78 cDNA clones lacked the conserved first 17 and last 10 nucleotides at the 5'- and 3'-ends, respectively. Therefore, to construct a full-length cDNA clone of segment A, two primer pairs (A5'-D78, A5-IPD78 and A3'-IPD78) were synthesized and used for PCR amplification (Table 1). The DNA segments were amplified according to the protocol of the supplier (New England Biolabs) using "Deep Vent Polymerase" (high fidelity thermophilic DNA polymerase). Amplified fragments were cloned into the EcoR I site of a pCRII vector (Invitrogen Corp.) to obtain plasmids pCRD78A5' and pCRD78A3', respectively. Each plasmid was digested with EcoR I and Sal I and the resultant fragments were ligated into EcoR I digested pUC19 to obtain plasmid pUC19FLAD78 (SEQ ID NOS:27 AND 29) which now contains a full-length cDNA copy of segment A encoding all the structural proteins (VP2, VP4 and VP3, SEQ ID NO:30) as well as the non-structural VP5 protein (SEQ ID NO:28) (Fig. 1).

Two primer pairs (A5'-23, A5IP23 and A3'-23, A3-IP23; see Table 1) were used for reverse transcription (RT) of viral genomic dsRNA of strain 23/82 using "SuperScript RT II" (RNA directed DNA polymerase with reduced RNase H activity, GIBCO/BRL). The RT reaction products were purified by phenol/chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation. To obtain two cDNA

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fragments bounded by primer pairs A5'-23, A5-IP23 and A3'-23, A3-IP23, respectively, RT reaction products were amplified by PCR using "Deep Vent polymerase". Both RT and PCR were carried out according to the supplier's protocol. Resulting PCR fragments were blunt-end ligated into *Sma* I cleaved pUC18 vector to obtain pUC23A5' and pUC23A3'. The 3'-end of segment A contained in plasmid pUC23A3' was ligated into the *Hind* III-*Bst*B I cleaved plasmid pUC23A5' to establish the full-length cDNA of segment A of strain 23/82. The resulting plasmid was termed pUC18FLA23 (SEQ ID NOS: 31 AND 33)(Fig. 1) and encodes structural proteins VP2, VP3 and VP4 (SEQ ID NO: 32) and non-structural protein VP5 (SEQ ID NO: 34)

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To obtain cDNA clones of segment B of P2 strain, two primer pairs (B5'-P2, B5-IPP2 and B3'-P2, B3-IPP2) were designed according to the published sequences and used for RT-PCR amplification (see Table 1). Using genomic dsRNA as template, cDNA fragments were synthesized and amplified according to the supplier's protocol (Perkin-Elmer Cetus). Amplified fragments were blunt-end ligated into Small cleaved pBS vector (Stratagene) to obtain clones pBSP2B5' and pBSP2B3'. To construct a full-length clone of segment B, the 5'-end fragment of plasmid pBSP2B5' was first subcloned between EcoR I and Pst I sites of pUC18 vector to obtain pUCP2B5'. Then the 3'-end fragment of plasmid pBSP2B3' was inserted between the unique Bal II and Pst I sites of plasmid pUCP2B5' to obtain a full-length plasmid pUC18FLBP2 (SEQ ID NO:25) which encodes the VP1 protein (SEQ ID NO: 26) (Fig. 1). Plasmids pUC18FLBP2, pUC18FLA23 and pUC19FLAD78 were completely sequenced by using the "Sequenase" DNA sequencing system (U.S. Biochem.), and the sequence data were analyzed using either "DNASIS" (Pharmacia) or "PC/Gene" (Intelligenetics) software. The integrity of the full-length constructs was tested by in vitro transcription and translation coupled reticulocyte lysate system using T7 RNA polymerase (Promega).

Transcription and Transfection of Synthetic RNAs. Plasmids pUC19FLAD78, pUC18FLA23 and pUC18FLBP2 were digested with *BsrGI*, *NsiI* and *PstI* enzymes (see Fig. 1), respectively, and used as templates for *in vitro* transcription with T7 RNA polymerase (Promega). Briefly, restriction

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enzyme cleavage assays were adjusted to 0.5% SDS and incubated with proteinase K (0.5 mg/ml) for 1 hour at 37°C. The linearized DNA templates (~3 µg) were recovered after ethanol precipitation, and were added separately to a transcription reaction mixture (50 µl) containing 40 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.9), 10 mM NaCl, 6 mM MgCl₂, 2 mM spermidine, 0.5 mM ATP, CTP and UTP each, 0.1 mM GTP, 0.25 mM cap analog [m7G(5') PPP(5') G], 120 units of "RNasin" (ribonuclease inhibitor), 150 units T7 RNA polymerase (Promega), and incubated at 37°C for 1 hour. Synthetic RNA transcripts were purified by phenol/chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation. As controls, the transcription products were treated with either DNase or RNase (Promega) before the purification step.

Vero cells were grown to 80% confluence in 60 mm dishes and washed once with phosphate-buffered saline (PBS). Three ml of "OPTI-MEM I" (reduced serum medium containing HEPES buffer, sodium bicarbonate, hypoxanthine, thymidine, sodium pyruvate, L-glutamine, trace elements, growth factors and phenol red; from GIBCO/BRL) were added to the monolayers, and the cells were incubated at 37°C for 1 hour in a CO₂ incubator. Simultaneously, 0.15 ml of "OPTI-MEM I" was incubated with 1.25 (N-[1-(2,3-dioleyloxy)propyl]-N,N,N-"Lipofectin" reagent μg dioleoylphosphatidylethanolamine, chloride and trimethylammonium GIBCO/BRL) for 45 min. in a polystyrene tube at room temperature. Synthetic RNA transcripts of both segments, resuspended in 0.15 ml of diethyl pyrocarbonate-treated water, were added to the OPTI-MEM-Lipofectinmixture, mixed gently, and incubated on ice for 5 min. After removing the "OPTI-MEM" from the monolayers in 60 mm dishes and replacing with fresh 1.5 ml of "OPTI-MEM", the nucleic acid containing mixture was added dropwise to the Vero cells and swirled gently. After 2 hours of incubation at 37°C, the mixture was replaced with M199 medium [CaCl₂ (annhydrous), Fe(NO₃)₃ 9H₂0, KCl, MgSO₄ (anhydrous), NaCl, NaH₂PO₄H₂O, NaHCO₃, L-Alanine, L-Arginine HCI, L-Aspartic acid, L-Cysteine HCI H2O, L-Cysteine 2HCI, L-Glutamic acid, L-Glutamine, Glycine, L-Histidine HCL H₂O, L-Hydroxyproline, L-Isoleucine, L-Leucine, L-Lysine HCI, L-Methionine, L-Phenylalanine, L-

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Proline, L-Serine, L-Threonine, L-Tryptophan, L-Tyrosine 2Na 2H₂O, L-Valine, Alpha tocopherol PO₄ Na₂, Ascorbic Acid, Biotin, Calciferol, D-Calcium pantothenate, Choline chloride, Folic acid, I-Inositol, Menandione NaHSO₃ 3H₂O, Niacin, Nicotinamide, Para-aminobenzoic acid, Pyridoxine HCl, Riboflavin, Thiamine HCl, Vitamin A Acetate, Adenine SO₄, Adenylic Acid, ATP, Na₂, Cholesterol, 2-Deoxy-D-Ribose, D-Glucose, Glutathione, Guanine HCl, Hypoxanthine Na, Phenol Red Na, Ribose, Sodium Acetate (anhydrous), Thymine, Tween 80, Uracil, and Xanthine Na; from Mediatech, Inc.] containing 5% FCS (without rinsing cells) and the cells were further incubated at 37°C for desired time intervals.

Identification of Generated IBDV. CEC were infected with filtered (0.2 μm) supernatant from Vero cells transfected with transcripts of pUC18FLA23 and pUC18FLP2B. 16 hours post-infection, the whole cell nucleic acids were isolated (Mundt, E. et al., *Virology*, 209, 10-18 (1995)). Primers were designed according to the published sequences and RT-PCR fragments were amplified, cloned and sequenced (Mundt, E. et al., *Virology*, 209, 10-18 (1995)). Sequence data were analyzed by using "DNASIS" software.

Immunofluorescence. Vero cells, grown on cover slips to 80% confluence, were infected with the supernatants derived from transfected Vero cells (after freeze-thawing) and incubated at 37°C for two days. The cells were then washed, fixed with acetone and treated with polyclonal rabbit anti-IBDV serum. After washing, the cells were treated with fluorescein labeled goat-anti-rabbit antibody (Kirkegaard & Perry Lab.) and examined by fluorescence microscope.

Plaque Assay. Monolayers of secondary CEC, grown in 60 mm dishes, were inoculated with the supernatants derived from transfected Vero cells. After 1 hour of infection, the cells were washed once with PBS and overlayed with 0.8% Agar noble (Difco) containing 10% tryptose phosphate broth, 2% FCS, 0.112% NaHCO₃, 10³ units penicillin, 10³ μg/ml streptomycin, 0.25 μg/ml fungizone, 0.005% neutral red, 0.0015% phenol red. The cells

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were incubated at 37°C for 2 to 3 days until plaques could be observed and counted (Müller, H., et al., *Virus Res.*, 4, 297-309 (1986)).

Construction of Full-Length cDNA clones of IBDV Genome. To develop a reverse genetics system for the dsRNA virus IBDV, two independent cDNA clones were constructed that contain segment A of strain D78 and segment B of strain P2 (Fig. 1). Each plasmid encoded either the precursor of structural proteins (VP2, VP4, VP3) and VP5 or only VP1 protein (RNA-dependent RNA polymerase). Plasmid pUC18FLBP2 upon digestion with *Pst* I and transcription *in vitro* by T7 RNA polymerase, would yield RNA containing the correct 5'- and 3'-ends. Whereas, upon digestion with *Bsr*G I and transcription, plasmid pUC19FLAD78 would yield RNA containing the correct 5'-end but with additional four nucleotides at the 3'end. Coupled transcription and translation of the above plasmids in a rabbit reticulocyte system yielded protein products that were correctly processed and comigrated with the marker IBDV proteins after fractionating on SDS-polyacrylamide gel and autoradiography (data not shown).

Plus-sense transcripts of IBDV segment A and B were synthesized separately in vitro with T7 RNA polymerase using linearized full-length cDNA plasmids as templates (see Fig. 2). Although two species of RNA transcripts were observed for segment B on a neutral gel (lanes 1 and 5), fractionation of these samples on a denaturing gel yielded only one transcript-specific band (data not shown). In order to show that plus-sense RNA transcripts of both segments are needed for the generation of infectious virus, the transcription mixtures were incubated with different nucleases, as shown in Fig. 2. Synthetic RNAs recovered after treating the transcription products with DNase (lanes 1+2), RNase (lanes 3+4) or without treatment (lanes 5+6), were used for the transfection of Vero cells. As mock control, Lipofectin alone was used. Five days post-transfection, cytopathic effect (CPE) was only visible in Vero cells transfected with combined transcripts of untreated or DNase-treated transcription products, but not with RNase-treated transcription mixtures or

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mock-transfected control. In addition, no CPE was detected when Vero cells were transfected with RNA of only segment A or B (data not shown). These results demonstrate that replication of IBDV ensued after transfection of Vero cells with plus-sense ssRNAs of both segments of IBDV. To verify that the agent causing the CPE in Vero cells was indeed IBDV, transfected Vero cells were freeze-thawed, and supernatants were clarified by centrifugation, and used to infect CEC or Vero cells. CEC infected with the supernatants derived from Vero transfected cells of untreated or DNase-treated transcription mixtures produced CPE in one day post-inoculation (Table 2). However, no CPE could be detected even after five days in CEC, with the supernatants from transfected Vero cells of RNase-treated transcription mixtures, untreated segment A or B transcription mixtures and mock-transfected Vero cells. Similarly, when Vero cells on cover slips were infected with the same supernatants as described above and examined by immunofluorescence staining after 2 days, only supernatants derived from transfected Vero cells of untreated or DNAse-treated transcription mixtures gave positive immunofluorescence signal (Table 2).

Recovery of Transfectant Virus. To determine the time point for the recovery of infectious virus, Vero cells were transfected with combined RNA transcripts of segments A and B. At 4, 8, 16, 24, 36 and 48 hours post-transfection, the supernatants were examined for the presence of transfectant virus by infectivity and plaque assays, as shown in Table 3. Our results indicate that the virus could be recovered as early as 36 hours after transfection. Virus titer was 2.3 x 10² pfu/ml which appear to drop for samples obtained later than 48 hours after transfection.

Generation of a Chimeric Virus. To prove that plus-sense ssRNA of both segments of IBDV are sufficient for recovery of infectious virus, a chimeric IBDV was generated. Plasmid pUC18FLA23 containing a full-length sequence of segment A of serotype II strain was linearized by *Nsi* I digestion and ssRNA was synthesized *in vitro* using T7 RNA polymerase. The ssRNA transcript specifies the correct 5'-end but contains one additional residue at the 3'-end (Fig. 1). Vero cells were transfected with ssRNA of segment A of

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serotype II strain 23/82 and ssRNA of segment B of serotype I strain P2. Five days after transfection when CPE was evident, the supernatant was clarified (after freeze-thawing) and used to infect CEC. After a second passage in CEC, genomic RNA of the virus was analyzed by RT-PCR and sequencing of the PCR products. Primers for segment A were deigned to specifically amplify only segment A sequences derived from the serotype II strain. Primer for segment B bound to sequences of both serotypes. The amplified fragments were cloned and sequenced. The obtained segment A sequences showed a perfect match with known segment A sequences of serotype II strain 23/82, whereas segment B sequence exhibited complete homology to published segment B sequences of serotype I strain P2 (Fig. 3).

Table 1. Oligonucleotides Used for the Construction of Full Length cDNA Clones of IBDV Genomic Segments A and B.

Nucleotide Sequence	Orientation	Name	Nucleotide Number
TAATACGACTCACTATAGGATACGATCGGTCTGACCCCGGGGGGGG	€	A5'-D78	1-31
AGAGAATTCTAATACGACTCACTATAGGATACGATCGGTCTGAC	ŧ	A5'-23	1-48
TGTACAGGGGACCCGCGAACGGATCCAATT	(-)	A3′-D78	3237-3261
CGGCGAATTCATGCATAGGGGACCCGCGAACGGAIC	(-)	A3'-23	3242-3261
CGTCGACTACGGGATTCTGG	(-)	A5-IPD78	1711-1730
CAGAGGCAGTACTCCGTCTG	(-)	A5-IP23	1971-1990
AGTCGACGGATTCTTGCTT	£	A3-IPD78	1723-1742
GAAGGIGCGAGAGGAC	÷	A3-IP23	1883-1900
AGAGAATTCTAATACGACTCACTATAGGATACGATGGGTCTGAC	(+)	B5P2	1-18
CGATCTGCTGCAGGCCCCCCCCCAGGCGAAGG	(-)	B3'-P2	2807-2827
CTTGAGACTCTTGTTCTCTCC	(-)	B5-IPP2	1915-1938
ATACAGCAAAGATCTCGGG	(+)	B3-IPP2	1839-1857

Composition and location of the oligonucleotide primers used for cloning. T7 promoter sequences are marked with italic types, the virus specific sequences are underlined, and the restriction sites marked in boldface. Orientation of the virus specific sequence of the primer is shown for sense (+) and antisense (-). The positions where the primers bind (nucleotide number) are according to the published sequences of P2 strain (2).

Table 2. Generation of Infections IBDV From Synthetic RNAs of Segment A and B.

Material Transfected	CPE	Immunofluoroescence
ssRNA A+B, DNase-treated	+	+
ssRNA A+B, RNase-treated	-	- ·
ssRNA A+B, untreated	+	+
ssRNA A, untreated	-	-
ssRNA B, untreated	-	-
Lipofectin only		. -

Vero cells were transfected with synthetic RNAs of segment A and B derived from transcription reactions that were either untreated or treated with DNase or RNase. After 5 days, the supernatants were collected, clarified by centrifugation, and analyzed for the presence of virus. The infectivity of the recovered virus was determined in CEC by the appearance of cytopathic effect (CPE) 1-2 days post-inoculation. The specificity of the recovered virus was determined by immunofluorescence staining of infected Vero cells with rabbit anti-IBDV serum.

Table 3. Recovery of Virus at Various Times Post-Transfection.

Time in hours post-transfection	CPE	Immunofluorescence	pfu/ml
4	-	-	0
8	-	-	0
16	-	-	0
24	· -	-	0
36	+	+	2.3 × 10 ²
48	+	+	6.0 × 10 ¹

Vero cells were transfected with synthetic RNAs of segment A and B as described. The infectivity and specificity of the recovered virus was detected by CPE in CEC and immunofluorescence staining in Vero cells, respectively. Monolayers of secondary CEC were used for plaque assay after inoculating the cells with the supernatants derived from transfected Vero cells. Approximate titer of the virus was calculated as plaque forming units per ml (pfu/ml).

SEQUENCE LISTING

- (1) GENERAL INFORMATION:
 - (i) APPLICANT: VAKHARIA, Vikram N. MUNDT, Egbert
- (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: A METHOD FOR GENERATING BIRNAVIRUS FROM SYNTHETIC RNA TRANSCRIPTS
 - (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 34
 - (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
 - (A) ADDRESSEE: NIKAIDO, MARMELSTEIN, MURRAY & ORAM LLP
 - (B) STREET: 655 Fifteenth Street, N. W., Suite 330 G Street Lobby
 - (C) CITY: Washington
 - (D) STATE: DC
 - (E) COUNTRY: USA
 - (F) ZIP: 20005-5701
 - (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 - (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30
 - (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US
 - (B) FILING DATE:
 - (C) CLASSIFICATION:
 - (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 - (A) NAME: KITTS, Monica C.
 - (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 36,105
 - (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: P8172-6002
 - (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
 - (A) TELEPHONE: 202/638-5000
 - (B) TELEFAX: 202/638-4810
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 46 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: circular
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQU	UENCE DESCRIPTION:	SEQ ID NO:1:		
GAATTCGGCT TI	FAATACGAC TCACTATA	AGG ATACGATCGG	TCTGAC	46
(2) INFORMATI	ION FOR SEQ ID NO:	2:		
(A) (B) (C)	JENCE CHARACTERIST LENGTH: 41 base TYPE: nucleic ac STRANDEDNESS: do TOPOLOGY: circul	pairs id uble	· .	
(ii) MOLE	CULE TYPE: cDNA			
(xi) SEQU	VENCE DESCRIPTION:	SEQ ID NO:2:		
AATTGGATCC GT	TCGCGGGT CCCCTGTA	CA AAGCCGAATT	С	41
(2) INFORMATION	ON FOR SEQ ID NO:	3:		
(A) (B) (C)	ENCE CHARACTERIST: LENGTH: 36 base p TYPE: nucleic ac: STRANDEDNESS: dou TOPOLOGY: circula	pairs id uble	· ;	
(ii) MOLE	CULE TYPE: cDNA			
(xi) SEQUE	ENCE DESCRIPTION:	SEQ ID NO:3:		-
CGGCGAATTC ATO	GCATAGGG GACCCGCGA	AA CGGATC		36
(2) INFORMATIO	ON FOR SEQ ID NO:4	·:		
(A) (B) (C)	ENCE CHARACTERISTI LENGTH: 44 base p TYPE: nucleic aci STRANDEDNESS: dou TOPOLOGY: circula	airs d ble		
(ii) MOLEC	CULE TYPE: CDNA			
(xi) SEQUE	ENCE DESCRIPTION:	SEQ ID NO:4:		
GTCAGACCGA TCG	GTATCCTA TAGTGAGTC	G TATTAGAATT (CTCT	44

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: double (D) TOPOLOGY: circular	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO	:5:
TTGCATGCCT GCAGGGGGCC CCCGCAGGCG AAG	33
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
(A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs	
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
(C) STRANDEDNESS: double	,
(D) TOPOLOGY: circular	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO	:6:
TCGTATCCTA TAGTGAGTCG TATTAGAATT C	31
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:	:
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 120 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	-
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:	
GGAAGCCTGA GTGAGTTGAC TGACTACAGC TACAACGGGC TGA	TGTCAGC CACTGCGAAC 60
ATCAACGACA AGATCGGGAA CGTTCTAGTT GGAGAAGGGG TGA	CTGTTCT CAGTCTACCG 120
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
(A) LENGTH: 120 base pairs	

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	•
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:	
GGAAGCCTGA GTGAGTTGAC TGACTACAGC TACAACGGGC TGATGTCAGC CACTGCGAAC	60
ATCAACGACA AGATCGGGAA CGTTCTAGTT GGAGAAGGGG TGACTGTTCT CAGTCTACC	119
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:	•
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 120 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:	
GGAAGCCTGA GTGAACTGAC AGATGTTAGC TACAATGGGT TGATGTCTGC AACAGCCAAC	60
ATCAACGACA AAATTGGGAA CGTCCTAGTA GGGGAAGGGG TCACCGTCCT CAGCTTACCC	120
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 120 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:	
TTTTCAATAG TCCACAGGCG CGAACGAAGA TCTCAGCAGC GTTCGGCATA AAGCCTACTG	60
CTGGACAAGA CGTGGAAGAA CTCTTGATCC CCAAAGTCTG GGTGCCACCT GAGGATCCGC	120
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 120 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(vi) (SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:	
•		
TTTTCAACA	G TCCACAGGCG CGAAGCACGA TCTCAGCAGC GTTCGGCATA AAGCCTACTG	60
CTGGACAAG	A CGTGGAAGAA CTCTTGATCC CTAAAGTTTG GGTGCCACCT GAGGATCCGC	120
(2) INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:	
(i) :	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 120 base pairs	
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(b) 101020011 223022	
(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
	TO TO NO.12.	
(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:	
TTTTCAACA	G TCCACAGGCG CGAAGCACGA TCTCAGCAGC GTTCGGCATA AAGCCTACTG	60
СТССАСААС	A CGTGGAAGAA CTCTTGATCC CTAAAGTTTG GGTGCCACCT GAGGATCCGC	120
C1001101210		
(2) INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:	
(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 48 base pairs	
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
· (ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:	
መአአመአረር አር	T CACTATAGGA TACGATCGGT CTGACCCCGG GGGAGTCA	48
IMMINCONC	T CACIAIAGOA IIIGGI GOOGA GOOCA GOOGA GOOCA GOOGA GOOCA GOOGA GOOC	٠.
(2) INFOR	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:	
(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
(-/	(A) LENGTH: 44 base pairs	
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

AGA	Gaati	CCT AATACGACTC ACTATAGGAT AC	GATCGGTC	TGAC			44
(2)	INFO	ORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:			·		
		SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 30 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear					
	(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA			•	,	
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ	ID NO:15:			. •	
TGT	ACAGG	GG ACCCGCGAAC GGATCCAATT	· - •		•		30
(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:					
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear				· .	
	(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA					
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ 1	D NO:16:		•		
CGGC	GAAT	TC ATGCATAGGG GACCCGCGAA CGG	SATC				36
(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:					
	·(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear					
	(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	•		· · ·		
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ I	D NO:17:				
CGTC	GACT	AC GGGATTCTGG					20

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs

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		(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1	8:
CAGA	GGCA(GT ACTCCGTCTG	20
(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:	
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1	.9:
AGTO	CGACG	GG ATTCTTGCTT	20
(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:	
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
•	(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2	20:
GAA	GGTGT	CGC GAGAGGAC	16
(2)	INFO	ORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:	
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 44 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ii)	MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:	21:

AG/	AGAATTCT AATACGACTC ACTATAGGAT ACGATGGGTC TGAC	44
(2)) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:	
	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:	
CGA	ATCTGCTG CAGGGGGCCC CCGCAGGCGA AGG	33
(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 24 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:	
CTT	GAGACTC TTGTTCTCTA CTCC	24
(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:	
	 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 19 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:	
ATA	CAGCAAA GATCTCGGG	19
(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	

(A) LENGTH: 2827 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: circular
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: 112..2745

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:													
GGATACGATG GGTCTGACCC TCTGGGAGTC ACGAATTAAC GTGGCTACTA GGGGCGATAC													
CCGCCGCTGG CCGCCACGTT AGTGGCTCCT CTTCTTGATG ATTCTGCCAC C ATG AGT Met Ser													
GAC ATT TTC AAC Asp Ile Phe Asr 5	C AGT CCA CAG GCC n Ser Pro Gln Ala 1	a Arg Ser Thr	ATC TCA GCA GCG TTC Ile Ser Ala Ala Phe 15	165									
GGC ATA AAG CCT Gly Ile Lys Pro 20	T ACT GCT GGA CA Thr Ala Gly Gli 25	A GAC GTG GAA n Asp Val Glu	GAA CTC TTG ATC CCT Glu Leu Leu Ile Pro 30	213									
AAA GTT TGG GTG Lys Val Trp Val	CCA CCT GAG GA L Pro Pro Glu As 40	T CCG CTT GCC p Pro Leu Ala 45	AGC CCT AGT CGA CTG Ser Pro Ser Arg Leu 50	261									
GCA AAG TTC CTC Ala Lys Phe Lev	C AGA GAG AAC GG 1 Arg Glu Asn Gl 55	C TAC AAA GTT y Tyr Lys Val 60	TTG CAG CCA CGG TCT Leu Gln Pro Arg Ser 65	309									
CTG CCC GAG AA' Leu Pro Glu Ass	n Glu Glu Tyr Gl	G ACC GAC CAA u Thr Asp Gln 75	ATA CTC CCA GAC TTA Ile Leu Pro Asp Leu 80	357									
GCA TGG ATG CG Ala Trp Met Arg 85	g Gln Ile Glu Gl	G GCT GTT TTA y Ala Val Leu 0	AAA CCC ACT CTA TCT Lys Pro Thr Leu Ser 95	405									
CTC CCT ATT GG Leu Pro Ile Gl 100	A GAT CAG GAG TA y Asp Gln Glu Ty 105	C TTC CCA AAG	TAC TAC CCA ACA CAT Tyr Tyr Pro Thr His 110	453									
CGC CCT AGC AA Arg Pro Ser Ly 115	G GAG AAG CCC AA s Glu Lys Pro As 120	T GCG TAC CCG n Ala Tyr Pro 125	CCA GAC ATC GCA CTA Pro Asp Ile Ala Leu 130	501									

CTC	AAG Lys	CAG Gln	ATG Met	ATT Ile 135	TAC Tyr	CTG Leu	TTT Phe	CTC Leu	CAG Gln 140	Val	CCA Pro	GAG Glu	GCC Ala	AAC Asn 145	GAG Glu	549
GGC Gly	CTA Leu	AAG Lys	GAT Asp 150	GAA Glu	GTA Val	ACC Thr	CTC Leu	TTG Leu 155	ACC Thr	CAA Gln	AAC Asn	ATA Ile	AGG Arg 160	GAC Asp	AAG Lys	597
GCC Ala	TAT	GGA Gly 165	AGT Ser	GGG Gly	ACC Thr	TAC Tyr	ATG Met 170	GGA Gly	CAA Gln	GCA Ala	AAT Asn	CGA Arg 175	CTT Leu	GTG Val	GCC Ala	645
ATG Met	AAG Lys 180	GAG Glu	GTC Val	GCC Ala	ACT Thr	GGA Gly 185	AGA Arg	AAC Asn	CCA Pro	AAC Asn	AAG Lys 190	GAT Asp	CCT Pro	CTA Leu	AAG Lys	693
CTT Leu 195	GGG Gly	TAC Tyr	ACT Thr	TTT Phe	GAG Glu 200	AGC Ser	ATC Ile	GCG Ala	CAG Gln	CTA Leu 205	CTT Leu	GAC Asp	ATC Ile	ACA Thr	CTA Leu 210	741
CCG Pro	GTA Val	GGC	CCA Pro	CCC Pro 215	GGT Gly	GAG Glu	GAT Asp	GAC Asp	AAG Lys 220	CCC Pro	TGG Trp	GTG Val	CCA Pro	CTC Leu 225	ACA Thr	789
AGA Arg	GTG Val	CCG Pro	TCA Ser 230	CGG Arg	ATG Met	TTG Leu	GTG Val	CTG Leu 235	ACG Thr	GGA Gly	GAC Asp	GTA Val	GAT Asp 240	GGC Gly	GAC Asp	837
TTT Phe	GAG Glu	GTT Val 245	GAA Glu	GAT Asp	TAC Tyr	CTT Leu	CCC Pro 250	AAA Lys	ATC Ile	AAC Asn	CTC Leu	AAG Lys 255	TCA Ser	TCA Ser	AGT Ser	885
GGA Gly	CTA Leu 260	CCA Pro	TAT Tyr	GTA Val	GGT Gly	CGC Arg 265	ACC Thr	AAA Lys	GGA Gly	GAG Glu	ACA Thr 270	ATT Ile	GGC Gly	GAG Glu	ATG Met	933
			TCA Ser													981
			GGG Gly													1029
			TAT Tyr 310													1077
	Arg		GAC Asp			Thr					Thr					1125

TCA Ser	GCT Ala 340	CCA Pro	TCC Ser	CCA Pro	ACA Thr	CAC His 345	CTC Leu	ATG Met	ATC Ile	TCT Ser	ATG Met 350	ATC Ile	ACC Thr	TGG Trp	CCC		1173
			AAC Asn														1221
Ser	Leu	Tyr	AAA Lys	Phe 375	Asn	Pro	Phe	Arg	Gly 380	Gly	Leu	Asn	Arg	Ile 385	Val	· ·	1269
GAG Glu	TGG Trp	Ile	TTG Leu 390	GCC Ala	CCG Pro	GAA Glu	GAA Glu	CCC Pro 395	AAG Lys	GCT	CTT	GTA Val	TAT Tyr 400	GCG Ala	GAC Asp	•	1317
Asn	Ile	Tyr 405	Ile	Val	His	Ser	Asn 410	Thr	Trp	Tyr	Ser	Ile	Asp	Leu			1365
Lys	Gly 420	Glu	GCA Ala	Asn	Сув	Thr 425	Arg	Gln	His	Met	Gln 430	Ala	Ala	Met	Tyr		1413
Tyr 435	Ile	Leu		Arg	Gly 440	Trp	Ser	Asp	Asn	Gly 445	Asp	Pro	Met	Phe	Asn 450		1461
Gln	Thr	Trp	GCC Ala	Thr 455	Phe	Ala	Met	Asn	Ile 460	Ala	Pro	Ala	Leu	Val 465	Val		1509
Asp	Ser	Ser	TGC Cys 470	Leu	Ile	Met	Asn	Leu 475	Gln	Ile	Lys	Thr	Tyr 480	Gly	Gln		1557
Gly	Ser	Gly 485	Asn	Ala	Ala	Thr	Phe 490	Ile	Asn	Asn	His	Leu 495	Leu	Ser	ACA Thr		1605
Leu	Val 500	Leu		Gln	Trp	Asn 505	Leu	Met	Arg	Gln	Pro 510	Arg	Pro	Asp	Ser		
Glu 515	Glu	Phe	AAA Lys	Ser	Ile 520	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Gly 525	Ile	Asn	Phe	Lys	11e 530		1701
GAG Glu	AGG Arg	TCC Ser	ATT Ile	GAT Asp 535	GAT Asp	ATC Ile	AGG Arg	GGC Gly	AAG Lys 540	CTG Leu	AGA Arg	CAG Gln	CTT	GTC Val 545	CTC Leu		1749

CTT Leu	GCA Ala	CAA Gln	CCA Pro 550	GGG Gly	TAC Tyr	CTG Leu	AGT Ser	GGG Gly 555	Gly	GTT Val	GAA Glu	CCA Pro	GAA Glu 560	Gln	TCC	1797
AGC Ser	CCA Pro	ACT Thr 565	GTT Val	GAG Glu	CTT	GAC Asp	CTA Leu 570	CTA Leu	GGG Gly	TGG Trp	TCA Ser	GCT Ala 575	ACA Thr	TAC	AGC Ser	1845
AAA Lys	GAT Asp 580	CTC	GGG Gly	ATC Ile	TAT	GTG Val 585	CCG Pro	GTG Val	CTT Leu	GAC Asp	AAG Lys 590	GAA Glu	CGC Arg	CTA Leu	TTT Phe	1893
TGT Cys 595	TCT	GCT Ala	GCG Ala	TAT Tyr	CCC Pro 600	AAG Lys	GGA Gly	GTA Val	GAG Glu	AAC Asn 605	AAG Lys	AGT Ser	CTC	AAG Lys	TCC Ser 610	1941
AAA Lys	GTC Val	GGG Gly	ATC Ile	GAG Glu 615	CAG Gln	GCA Ala	TAC Tyr	AAG Lys	GTA Val 620	GTC Val	AGG Arg	TAT Tyr	GAG Glu	GCG Ala 625	TTG Leu	1989
AGG Arg	TTG Leu	GTA Val	GGT Gly 630	GGT Gly	TGG Trp	AAC Asn	TAC Tyr	CCA Pro 635	CTC Leu	CTG Leu	AAC Asn	AAA Lys	GCC Ala 640	TGC Cys	AAG Lys	2037
AAT Asn	AAC Asn	GCA Ala 645	GGC Gly	GCC Ala	GCT Ala	CGG Arg	CGG Arg 650	CAT His	CTG Leu	GAG Glu	GCC Ala	AAG Lys 655	GGG Gly	TTC Phe	CCA Pro	2085
CTC Leu	GAC Asp 660	GAG Glu	TTC Phe	CTA Leu	GCC Ala	GAG Glu 665	TGG Trp	TCT Ser	GAG Glu	CTG Leu	TCA Ser 670	GAG Glu	TTC Phe	GGT Gly	GAG Glu	2133
GCC Ala 675	TTC Phe	GAA Glu	GGC	TTC Phe	AAT Asn 680	ATC Ile	AAG Lys	CTG Leu	ACC Thr	GTA Val 685	ACA Thr	TCT Ser	GAG Glu	Ser	CTA Leu 690	2181
			AAC Asn													2229
			ACT Thr 710													2277
			AGG Arg													2325
			AGC Ser													2373

GAG	AAA	CTC	CAC	AAG	TCC	AAG	CCA	GAC	GAC	CCC	GAT	GCA	GAC	TGG	TTC	2421
Glu 7 5 5	Lys	Leu	His	Lys	Ser 760	Lys	Pro	Asp	Asp	765	Asp	Ala	Asp	Trp	770	
GAA	AGA	TCA	GAA	ACT	CTG	TCA	GAC	CTT	CTG	GAG	AAA	GCC	GAC	ATC	GCC	2469
Glu	Arg	ser	GIU	775	Leu	ser	wsb	nea	780	·	тур	nia	veh	785	AIG	
AGC	AAG	GTC	GCC	CAC	TCA	GCA	CTC	GTG	GAA	ACA	AGC	GAC	GCC	CTT	GAA	2517
Ser	Lys	Val	Ala 790	His	Ser	Ala	Leu	Val 795	Glu	Thr	Ser	Asp	800	Leu	Glu	
GCA	GTT	CAG	TCG	ACT	TCC	GTG	TAC	ACC	CCC	AAG	TAC	CCA	GAA	GTC	AAG	2565
Ala	Val	Gln 805	Ser	Thr	Ser	Val	Tyr 810	Thr	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Pro 815	Glu	Val	Lys	
AAC	CCA	CAG	ACC	GCC	TCC	AAC	CCC	GTT	GTT	GGG	CTC	CAC	CTG	CCC	GCC	2613
Asn	Pro 820	Gln	Thr	Ala	Ser	Asn 825	Pro	Val	Val	Gly	Leu 830	His	Leu	Pro	Ala	** **
AAG	AGA	GCC	ACC	GGT	GTC	CAG	GCC	GCT	CTT	CTC	GGA	GCA	GGA	ACG	AGC	2661
Lys 835		Ala	Thr	Gly	Val 840	Gln	Ala	Ala	Leu	Leu 845	Gly	Ala	Gly	Thr	Ser 850	. ·
AGA	CCA	ATG	GGG	ATG	GAG	GCC	CCA	ACA	CGG	TCC	AAG	AAC	GCC	GTG	AAA	2709
Arg	Pro	Met	Gly	Met 855	Glu	Ala	Pro	Thr	Arg 860	Ser	Lys	Asn	Ala	Val 865	Lys	
ATG	GCC	AAA	CGG	CGG	CAA	CGC	CAA	AAG	GAG	AGC	CGC	TAA	CAGC	CAT		2755
Met	Ala	Lys	Arg 870	Arg	Gln	Arg	Gln	Lys 875	Glu	Ser	Arg			-		
GAT(EGGA	ACC 2	ACTC	AAGA	AG A	GGAC	ACTA	A TC	CCAG	ACCC	CGT	ATCC	CCG	GCCT	TCGCCT	2815
GCG(GGGG	ccc (CC						٠	• '		٠			•	2827

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 878 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

Met Ser Asp Ile Phe Asn Ser Pro Gln Ala Arg Ser Thr Ile Ser Ala 1 5 10 15

Ala Phe Gly Ile Lys Pro Thr Ala Gly Gln Asp Val Glu Glu Leu Leu

Ile Pro Lys Val Trp Val Pro Pro Glu Asp Pro Leu Ala Ser Pro Ser Arg Leu Ala Lys Phe Leu Arg Glu Asn Gly Tyr Lys Val Leu Gln Pro Arg Ser Leu Pro Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr Glu Thr Asp Gln Ile Leu Pro Asp Leu Ala Trp Met Arg Gln Ile Glu Gly Ala Val Leu Lys Pro Thr Leu Ser Leu Pro Ile Gly Asp Gln Glu Tyr Phe Pro Lys Tyr Tyr Pro Thr His Arg Pro Ser Lys Glu Lys Pro Asn Ala Tyr Pro Pro Asp Ile Ala Leu Leu Lys Gln Met Ile Tyr Leu Phe Leu Gln Val Pro Glu Ala Asn Glu Gly Leu Lys Asp Glu Val Thr Leu Leu Thr Gln Asn Ile Arg Asp Lys Ala Tyr Gly Ser Gly Thr Tyr Met Gly Gln Ala Asn Arg Leu Val Ala Met Lys Glu Val Ala Thr Gly Arg Asn Pro Asn Lys Asp Pro Leu Lys Leu Gly Tyr Thr Phe Glu Ser Ile Ala Gln Leu Leu Asp Ile Thr Leu Pro Val Gly Pro Pro Gly Glu Asp Asp Lys Pro Trp Val Pro Leu Thr Arg Val Pro Ser Arg Met Leu Val Leu Thr Gly Asp Val Asp Gly Asp Phe Glu Val Glu Asp Tyr Leu Pro Lys Ile Asn Leu Lys Ser Ser Ser Gly Leu Pro Tyr Val Gly Arg Thr Lys Gly Glu Thr Ile Gly Glu Met Ile Ala Ile Ser Asn Gln Phe Leu Arg Glu Leu Ser Thr Leu

Leu Lys Gln Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Gly Ser Asn Lys Lys Leu Leu

Ser Met Leu Ser Asp Tyr Trp Tyr Leu Ser Cys Gly Leu Leu Phe Pro Lys Ala Glu Arg Tyr Asp Lys Ser Thr Trp Leu Thr Lys Thr Arg Asn Ile Trp Ser Ala Pro Ser Pro Thr His Leu Met Ile Ser Met Ile Thr Trp Pro Val Met Ser Asn Ser Pro Asn Asn Val Leu Asn Ile Glu Gly Cys Pro Ser Leu Tyr Lys Phe Asn Pro Phe Arg Gly Gly Leu Asn Arg Ile Val Glu Trp Ile Leu Ala Pro Glu Glu Pro Lys Ala Leu Val Tyr Ala Asp Asn Ile Tyr Ile Val His Ser Asn Thr Trp Tyr Ser Ile Asp Leu Glu Lys Gly Glu Ala Asn Cys Thr Arg Gln His Met Gln Ala Ala Met Tyr Tyr Ile Leu Thr Arg Gly Trp Ser Asp Asn Gly Asp Pro Met Phe Asn Gln Thr Trp Ala Thr Phe Ala Met Asn Ile Ala Pro Ala Leu Val Val Asp Ser Ser Cys Leu Ile Met Asn Leu Gln Ile Lys Thr Tyr Gly Gln Gly Ser Gly Asn Ala Ala Thr Phe Ile Asn Asn His Leu Leu Ser Thr Leu Val Leu Asp Gln Trp Asn Leu Met Arg Gln Pro Arg Pro Asp Ser Glu Glu Phe Lys Ser Ile Glu Asp Lys Leu Gly Ile Asn Phe Lys Ile Glu Arg Ser Ile Asp Asp Ile Arg Gly Lys Leu Arg Gln Leu Val Leu Leu Ala Gln Pro Gly Tyr Leu Ser Gly Gly Val Glu Pro Glu Gln Ser Ser Pro Thr Val Glu Leu Asp Leu Leu Gly Trp Ser Ala Thr

Tyr Ser Lys Asp Leu Gly Ile Tyr Val Pro Val Leu Asp Lys Glu Arg Leu Phe Cys Ser Ala Ala Tyr Pro Lys Gly Val Glu Asn Lys Ser Leu Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ile Glu Gln Ala Tyr Lys Val Val Arg Tyr Glu Ala Leu Arg Leu Val Gly Gly Trp Asn Tyr Pro Leu Leu Asn Lys Ala Cys Lys Asn Asn Ala Gly Ala Ala Arg Arg His Leu Glu Ala Lys Gly Phe Pro Leu Asp Glu Phe Leu Ala Glu Trp Ser Glu Leu Ser Glu Phe Gly Glu Ala Phe Glu Gly Phe Asn Ile Lys Leu Thr Val Thr Ser Glu Ser Leu Ala Glu Leu Asn Lys Pro Val Pro Pro Lys Pro Pro Asn Val Asn Arg Pro Val Asn Thr Gly Gly Leu Lys Ala Val Ser Asn Ala Leu Lys Thr Gly Arg Tyr Arg Asn Glu Ala Gly Leu Ser Gly Leu Val Leu Leu Ala Thr Ala Arg Ser Arg Leu Gln Asp Ala Val Lys Ala Lys Ala Glu Ala Glu Lys Leu His Lys Ser Lys Pro Asp Asp Pro Asp Ala Asp Trp Phe Glu Arg Ser Glu Thr Leu Ser Asp Leu Leu Glu Lys Ala Asp Ile Ala Ser Lys Val Ala His Ser Ala Leu Val Glu Thr Ser Asp Ala Leu Glu Ala Val Gln Ser Thr Ser Val Tyr Thr Pro Lys Tyr Pro Glu Val Lys Asn Pro Gln Thr Ala Ser Asn Pro Val Val Gly Leu His Leu

Pro Ala Lys Arg Ala Thr Gly Val Gln Ala Ala Leu Leu Gly Ala Gly

835 840 845

Thr Ser Arg Pro Met Gly Met Glu Ala Pro Thr Arg Ser Lys Asn Ala 850 855 860

Val Lys Met Ala Lys Arg Arg Gln Arg Gln Lys Glu Ser Arg 865 870 875

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 3261 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: circular
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
 - (ix) FEATURE:

950

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) LOCATION: 97..531
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

955

GGATACGATC GGTCTGACCC CGGGGGAGTC ACCCGGGGAC AGGCCGTCAA GGCCTTGTTC	60
CAGGATGGGA CTCCTCCTTC TACAACGCTA TCATTG ATG GTT AGT AGA GAT CAG Met Val Ser Arg Asp Gln 880	14
ACA AAC GAT CGC AGC GAT GAC AAA CCT GCA AGA TCA AAC CCA ACA GAT Thr Asn Asp Arg Ser Asp Asp Lys Pro Ala Arg Ser Asn Pro Thr Asp 890 895 900	62
TGT TCC GTT CAT ACG GAG CCT TCT GAT GCC AAC AAC CGG ACC GGC GTC Cys Ser Val His Thr Glu Pro Ser Asp Ala Asn Asn Arg Thr Gly Val 905 910 915	10
CAT TCC GGA CGA CAC CCT GGA GAA GCA CAC TCT CAG GTC AGA GAC CTC His Ser Gly Arg His Pro Gly Glu Ala His Ser Gln Val Arg Asp Leu 920 925 930	58
GAC CTA CAA TTT GAC TGT GGG GGA CAC AGG GTC AGG GCT AAT TGT CTT Asp Leu Gln Phe Asp Cys Gly Gly His Arg Val Arg Ala Asn Cys Leu 935 940 945	06
TTT CCC TGG ATT CCC TGG CTC AAT TGT GGG TGC TCA CTA CAC ACT GCA Phe Pro Trp Ile Pro Trp Leu Asn Cys Gly Cys Ser Leu His Thr Ala	54

960

GGG CAA TGG GAA CTA CAA GTT CGA TCA GAT GCT CCT GAC TGC CCA GAA	402
Gly Gln Trp Glu Leu Gln Val Arg Ser Asp Ala Pro Asp Cys Pro Glu 965 970 975 980	
CCT ACC GGC CAG TTA CAA CTA CTG CAG GCT AGT GAG TCG GAG TCT CAC	450
Pro Thr Gly Gln Leu Gln Leu Gln Ala Ser Glu Ser Glu Ser His 985 990 995	
AGT GAG GTC AAG CAC ACT TCC TGG TGG CGT TTA TGC ACT AAA CGG CAC	498
Ser Glu Val Lys His Thr Ser Trp Trp Arg Leu Cys Thr Lys Arg His 1000 1005 1010	
CAT AAA CGC CGT GAC CTT CCA AGG AAG CCT GAG TGAACTGACA GATGTTAGCT	551
His Lys Arg Arg Asp Leu Pro Arg Lys Pro Glu 1015 1020	
ACAATGGGTT GATGTCTGCA ACAGCCAACA TCAACGACAA AATTGGGAAC GTCCTAGTAG	
GGGAAGGGT CACCGTCCTC AGCTTACCCA CATCATATGA TCTTGGGTAT GTGAGGCTTG	
GTGACCCCAT TCCCGCAATA GGGCTTGACC CAAAAATGGT AGCCACATGT GACAGCAGTG	
ACAGGCCCAG AGTCTACACC ATAACTGCAG CCGATGATTA CCAATTCTCA TCACAGTACC	
AACCAGGTGG GGTAACAATC ACACTGTTCT CAGCCAACAT TGATGCCATC ACAAGCCTCA	
GCGTTGGGGG AGAGCTCGTG TTTCAAACAA GCGTCCACGG CCTTGTACTG GGCGCCACCA	
TCTACCTCAT AGGCTTTGAT GGGACAACGG TAATCACCAG GGCTGTGGCC GCAAACAATG	
GGCTGACGAC CGGCACCGAC AACCTTATGC CATTCAATCT TGTGATTCCA ACAAACGAGA	, .
TAACCCAGCC AATCACATCC ATCAAACTGG AGATAGTGAC CTCCAAAAGT GGTGGTCAGG	
CAGGGGATCA GATGTCATGG TCGGCAAGAG GGAGCCTAGC AGTGACGATC CATGGTGGCA	
ACTATCCAGG GGCCCTCCGT CCCGTCACGC TAGTGGCCTA CGAAAGAGTG GCAACAGGAT	
CCGTCGTTAC GGTCGCTGGG GTGAGCAACT TCGAGCTGAT CCCAAATCCT GAACTAGCAA	
AGAACCTGGT TACAGAATAC GGCCGATTTG ACCCAGGAGC CATGAACTAC ACAAAATTGA	•
TACTGAGTGA GAGGGACCGT CTTGGCATCA AGACCGTCTG GCCAACAAGG GAGTACACTG	
ACTITCGTGA ATACTTCATG GAGGTGGCCG ACCTCAACTC TCCCCTGAAG ATTGCAGGAG	
CATTCGGCTT CAAAGACATA ATCCGGGCCA TAAGGAGGAT AGCTGTGCCG GTGGTCTCCA	
CATTGTTCCC ACCTGCCGCT CCCCTAGCCC ATGCAATTGG GGAAGGTGTA GACTACCTGC	
TGGGCGATGA GGCACAGGCT GCTTCAGGAA CTGCTCGAGC CGCGTCAGGA AAAGCAAGAG	1631

CTGCCTCAGG	CCGCATAAGG	CAGCTGACTC	TCGCCGCCGA	CAAGGGGTAC	GAGGTAGTCG	1691
CGAATCTATT	CCAGGTGCCC	CAGAATCCCG	TAGTCGACGG	GATTCTTGCT	TCACCTGGGG	1751
TACTCCGCGG	TGCACACAAC	CTCGACTGCG	TGTTAAGAGA	GGGTGCCACG	CTATTCCCTG	1811
TGGTTATTAC	GACAGTGGAA	GACGCCATGA	CACCCAAAGC	ATTGAACAGC	AAAATGTTTG	1871
CTGTCATTGA	AGGCGTGCGA	GAAGACCTCC	AACCTCCATC	TCAAAGAGGA	TCCTTCATAC	1931
GAACTCTCTC	TGGACACAGA	GTCTATGGAT	ATGCTCCAGA	TGGGGTACTT	CCACTGGAGA	1991
CTGGGAGAGA	CTACACCGTT	GTCCCAATAG	ATGATGTCTG	GGACGACAGC	ATTATGCTGT	2051
CCAAAGATCC	CATACCTCCT	ATTGTGGGAA	ACAGTGGAAA	TCTAGCCATA	GCTTACATGG	2111
ATGTGTTTCG	ACCCAAAGTC	CCAATCCATG	TGGCTATGAC	GGGAGCCCTC	AATGCTTGTG	2171
GCGAGATTGA	GAAAGTAAGC	TTTAGAAGCA	CCAAGCTCGC	CACTGCACAC	CGACTTGGCC	2231
TTAGGTTGGC.	TGGTCCCGGA	GCATTCGATG	TAAACACCGG	GCCCAACTGG	GCAACGTTCA	2291
TCAAACGTTT	CCCTCACAAT	CCACGCGACT	GGGACAGGCT	CCCCTACCTC	AACCTACCAT	2351
ACCTTCCACC	CAATGCAGGA	CGCCAGTACC	ACCTTGCCAT	GGCTGCATCA	GAGTTCAAAG	2411
AGACCCCCGA	ACTCGAGAGT	GCCGTCAGAG	CAATGGAAGC	AGCAGCCAAC	GTGGACCCAC	2471
TATTCCAATC	TGCACTCAGT	GTGTTCATGT	GGCTGGAAGA	GAATGGGATT	GTGACTGACA	2531
TGGCCAACTT	CGCACTCAGC	GACCCGAACG	CCCATCGGAT	GCGAAATTTT	CTTGCAAACG	2591
CACCACAAGC	AGGCAGCAAG	TCGCAAAGGG	CCAAGTACGG	GACAGCAGGC	TACGGAGTGG	2651
AGGCTCGGGG	CCCCACACCA	GAGGAAGCAC	AGAGGGAAAA	AGACACACGG	ATCTCAAAGA	2711
AGATGGAGAC	CATGGGCATC	TACTTTGCAA	CACCAGAATG	GGTAGCACTC	AATGGGCACC	2771
GAGGGCCAAG	CCCCGGCCAG	CTAAAGTACT	GGCAGAACAC	ACGAGAAATA	CCGGACCCAA	2831
ACGAGGACTA	TCTAGACTAC	GTGCATGCAG	AGAAGAGCCG	GTTGGCATCA	GAAGAACAAA	2891
TCCTAAGGGC	AGCTACGTCG	ATCTACGGGG	CTCCAGGACA	GGCAGAGCCA	CCCCAAGCTT	2951
TCATAGACGA	AGTTGCCAAA	GTCTATGAAA	TCAACCATGG	ACGTGGCCCA	AACCAAGAAC	3011
AGATGAAAGA	TCTGCTCTTG	ACTGCGATGG	AGATGAAGCA	TCGCAATCCC	AGGCGGGCTC	3071
TACCAAAGCC	CAAGCCAAAA	CCCAATGCTC	CAACACAGAG	ACCCCCTGGT	CGGCTGGGCC	3131
GCTGGATCAG	GACCGTCTCT	GATGAGGACC	TTGAGTGAGG	CTCCTGGGAG	TCTCCCGACA	3191

CCACCCGCGC AGGTGTGGAC ACCAATTCGG CCTTACAACA TCCCAAATTG GATCCGTTCG 3251
CGGGTCCCCT 3261

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 145 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

Met Val Ser Arg Asp Gln Thr Asn Asp Arg Ser Asp Asp Lys Pro Ala

1 5 10 15

Arg Ser Asn Pro Thr Asp Cys Ser Val His Thr Glu Pro Ser Asp Ala 20 25 30

Asn Asn Arg Thr Gly Val His Ser Gly Arg His Pro Gly Glu Ala His 35 40 45

Ser Gln Val Arg Asp Leu Asp Leu Gln Phe Asp Cys Gly Gly His Arg 50 55 60

Val Arg Ala Asn Cys Leu Phe Pro Trp Ile Pro Trp Leu Asn Cys Gly
65 70 75 80

Cys Ser Leu His Thr Ala Gly Gln Trp Glu Leu Gln Val Arg Ser Asp 85 90 95

Ala Pro Asp Cys Pro Glu Pro Thr Gly Gln Leu Gln Leu Gln Ala 100 105 110

Ser Glu Ser Glu Ser His Ser Glu Val Lys His Thr Ser Trp Trp Arg

Leu Cys Thr Lys Arg His His Lys Arg Arg Asp Leu Pro Arg Lys Pro 130 135 140

Glu 145

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 3261 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: circular
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: 131..3166

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:

(X1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:	
GGATACGATC GGTCTGACCC CGGGGGAGTC ACCCGGGGAC AGGCCGTCAA GGCCTTGTTC	60
CAGGATGGGA CTCCTCCTTC TACAACGCTA TCATTGATGG TTAGTAGAGA TCAGACAAAC	120
GATCGCAGCG ATG ACA AAC CTG CAA GAT CAA ACC CAA CAG ATT GTT CCG Met Thr Asn Leu Gln Asp Gln Thr Gln Gln Ile Val Pro 150 155	169
TTC ATA CGG AGC CTT CTG ATG CCA ACA ACC GGA CCG GCG TCC ATT CCG Phe Ile Arg Ser Leu Leu Met Pro Thr Thr Gly Pro Ala Ser Ile Pro 160 165 170	217
GAC GAC ACC CTG GAG AAG CAC ACT CTC AGG TCA GAG ACC TCG ACC TAC Asp Asp Thr Leu Glu Lys His Thr Leu Arg Ser Glu Thr Ser Thr Tyr 175 180 185 190	265
AAT TTG ACT GTG GGG GAC ACA GGG TCA GGG CTA ATT GTC TTT TTC CCT Asn Leu Thr Val Gly Asp Thr Gly Ser Gly Leu Ile Val Phe Pro 195 200 205	313
GGA TTC CCT GGC TCA ATT GTG GGT GCT CAC TAC ACA CTG CAG GGC AAT Gly Phe Pro Gly Ser Ile Val Gly Ala His Tyr Thr Leu Gln Gly Asn 210 215 220	361
GGG AAC TAC AAG TTC GAT CAG ATG CTC CTG ACT GCC CAG AAC CTA CCG Gly Asn Tyr Lys Phe Asp Gln Met Leu Leu Thr Ala Gln Asn Leu Pro 225 230 235	409
GCC AGT TAC AAC TAC TGC AGG CTA GTG AGT CGG AGT CTC ACA GTG AGG Ala Ser Tyr Asn Tyr Cys Arg Leu Val Ser Arg Ser Leu Thr Val Arg 240 245 250	457
TCA AGC ACA CTT CCT GGT GGC GTT TAT GCA CTA AAC GGC ACC ATA AAC Ser Ser Thr Leu Pro Gly Gly Val Tyr Ala Leu Asn Gly Thr Ile Asn 255 260 265 270	505
GCC GTG ACC TTC CAA GGA AGC CTG AGT GAA CTG ACA GAT GTT AGC TAC	553

Ala	Val	Thr	Phe	Gln 275	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ser	Glu 280	Leu	Thr	Asp	Val	Ser 285	Tyr	
														GGG Gly		601
														TCA Ser		649
														GGG Gly		697
														AGA Arg		745
														TAC Tyr 365		793
									Ser					GCC Ala		841
														GTC Val		889
														GGG Gly		937
														ACC Thr	_	985
														GAG Glu 445		1033
														AAA Lys		1081
														AGC Ser		1129

			ATC Ile													1177
ACG Thr 495	CTA Leu	GTG Val	GCC Ala	TAC Tyr	GAA Glu 500	AGA Arg	GTG Val	GCA Ala	ACA Thr	GGA Gly 505	TCC Ser	GTC Val	GTT Val	ACG Thr	GTC Val 510	1225
GCT Ala	GGG Gly	GTG Val	AGC Ser	AAC Asn 515	TTC Phe	GAG Glu	CTG Leu	ATC Ile	CCA Pro 520	AAT Asn	CCT Pro	GAA Glu	CTA Leu	GCA Ala 525	AAG Lys	1273
AAC Asn	CTG Leu	GTT Val	ACA Thr 530	GAA Glu	TAC Tyr	GGC Gly	CGA Arg	TTT Phe 535	GAC Asp	CCA Pro	GGA Gly	GCC Ala	ATG Met 540	AAC Asn	TAC Tyr	1321
ACA Thr	AAA Lys	TTG Leu 545	ATA Ile	CTG Leu	AGT Ser	GAG Glu	AGG Arg 550	GAC Asp	CGT Arg	CTT	GGC Gly	ATC Ile 555	AAG Lys	ACC Thr	GTC Val	1369
TGG Trp	CCA Pro 560	ACA Thr	AGG Arg	GAG Glu	Tyr	ACT Thr 565	GAC Asp	TTT Phe	CGT Arg	GAA Glu	TAC Tyr 570	TTC Phe	ATG Met	GAG Glu	GTG Val	1417
GCC Ala 575	GAC Asp	CTC Leu	AAC Asn	TCT Ser	CCC Pro 580	CTG Leu	AAG Lys	ATT Ile	GCA Ala	GGA Gly 585	GCA Ala	TTC Phe	GGC Gly	TTC Phe	AAA Lys 590	1465
GAC Asp	ATA Ile	ATC Ile	CGG Arg	GCC Ala 595	ATA Ile	AGG Arg	AGG Arg	Ile	GCT Ala 600	GTG Val	CCG Pro	GTG Val	Val	TCC Ser 605	ACA Thr	1513
TTG Leu	TTC Phe	CCA Pro	CCT Pro 610	Ala	GCT Ala	CCC Pro	CTA Leu	GCC Ala 615	CAT His	GCA Ala	ATT Ile	GGG Gly	GAA Glu 620	GGT Gly	GTA Val	1561
GAC Asp	TAC Tyr	CTG Leu 625	CTG Leu	GGC Gly	GAT Asp	GAG Glu	GCA Ala 630	CAG Gln	GCT Ala	GCT Ala	TCA Ser	GGA Gly 635	ACT Thr	GCT Ala	CGA Arg	1609
GCC Ala	GCG Ala 640	TCA Ser	GGA Gly	AAA Lys	GCA Ala	AGA Arg 645	GCT Ala	GCC Ala	TCA Ser	GGC Gly	CGC Arg 650	ATA Ile	AGG Arg	CAG Gln	CTG Leu	1657
ACT Thr 655	Leu	GCC Ala	GCC Ala	GAC Asp	AAG Lys 660	GGG	TAC	GAG Glu	GTA Val	GTC Val 665	GCG Ala	AAT Asn	CTA Leu	TTC Phe	CAG Gln 670	1705
GTG Val	CCC Pro	CAG Gln	AAT Asn	CCC Pro 675	Val	GTC Val	GAC Asp	GGG	ATT Ile 680	CTT Leu	GCT Ala	TCA Ser	CCT Pro	GGG Gly 685	GTA Val	1753

CTC Leu	CGC	GGT	GCA Ala 690	CAC	AAC Asn	CTC Leu	GAC Asp	TGC Cys 695	GTG Val	TTA Leu	AGA Arg	GAG Glu	GGT Gly 700	Ala	ACG Thr	1801
Leu	Phe	Pro 705	Val	Val	Ile	Thr	Thr 710	Val	Glu	Asp	Ala	Met 715	Thr	Pro	AAA Lys	1849
GCA Ala	TTG Leu 720	AAC Asn	AGC Ser	AAA Lys	ATG Met	TTT Phe 725	GCT Ala	GTC Val	ATT Ile	GAA Glu	GGC Gly 730	GTG Val	CGA Arg	GAA Glu	GAC Asp	1897
CTC Leu 735	CAA Gln	CCT	CCA Pro	TCT Ser	CAA Gln 740	AGA Arg	GGA Gly	TCC Ser	TTC Phe	ATA Ile 745	CGA Arg	ACT Thr	CTC Leu	TCT Ser	GGA Gly 750	1945
					TAT Tyr											1993
		Asp			GTT Val											2041
					GAT Asp											2089
					TAC Tyr											2137
					GGA Gly 820											2185
					ACC Thr											2233
					GGA Gly									Asn		2281
					CGT Arg											2329
					CTA Leu		Tyr									2377

TAC Tyr 895	CAC His	CTT Leu	GCC Ala	ATG Met	GCT Ala 900	GCA Ala	TCA Ser	GAG Glu	TTC Phe	AAA Lys 905	GAG Glu	ACC Thr	CCC Pro	GAA Glu	CTC Leu 910	2425
Glu	Ser	Ala	Val	Arg 915	Ala	Met	Glu	Ala	Ala 920	Ala	Asn	Val	Asp	CCA Pro 925	Leu	2473
Phe	Gln	Ser	Ala 930	Leu	Ser	Val	Phe	Met 935	Trp	Leu	Glu	Glu	Asn 940		Ile	2521
Val	Thr	Asp 945	Met	Ala	Asn	Phe	Ala 950	Leu	Ser	Asp	Pro	Asn 955	Ala	CAT	Arg	2569
ATG Met	CGA Arg 960	AAT Asn	TTT Phe	CTT Leu	GCA Ala	AAC Asn 965	GCA Ala	CCA Pro	CAA Gln	GCA Ala	GGC Gly 970	AGC Ser	AAG Lys	TCG Ser	CAA Gln	2617
AGG Arg 975	GCC Ala	AAG Lys	TAC Tyr	GGG Gly	ACA Thr 980	GCA Ala	GGC Gly	TAC Tyr	GGA Gly	GTG Val 985	GAG Glu	GCT Ala	CGG Arg	GGC Gly	CCC Pro 990	2665
ACA Thr	CCA Pro	GAG Glu	GAA Glu	GCA Ala 995	CAG Gln	AGG Arg	GAA Glu	AAA Lys	GAC Asp 100	Thr	CGG Arg	ATC Ile	TCA Ser	AAG Lys 100	Lys	2713
ATG Met	GAG Glu	ACC	ATG Met 101	Gly	ATC Ile	TAC Tyr	TTT Phe	GCA Ala 101	Thr	CCA Pro	GAA Glu	TGG	GTA Val 102	GCA Ala O	CTC Leu	2761
AAT Asn	GGG Gly	CAC His 102	Arg	GGG Gly	CCA Pro	AGC Ser	CCC Pro 103	Gly	CAG Gln	CTA Leu	AAG Lys	TAC Tyr 103	Trp	CAG Gln	AAC Asn	2809
ACA Thr	CGA Arg 104	Glu	ATA Ile	CCG Pro	GAC Asp	Pro	Asn	GAG Glu	GAC Asp	TAT	CTA Leu 105	Asp	TAC Tyr	GTG Val	CAT His	2857
GCA Ala 105	Glu	AAG Lys	AGC Ser	CGG Arg	TTG Leu 106	Ala	TCA Ser	GAA Glu	GAA Glu	CAA Gln 106	Ile	CTA Leu	AGG Arg	GCA Ala	GCT Ala 1070	2905
ACG Thr	TCG Ser	ATC Ile	TAC	GGG Gly 107	Ala	CCA Pro	GGA Gly	CAG Gln	GCA Ala 108	Glu	CCA Pro	CCC	CAA Gln	GCT Ala 108	Phe	2953
ATA Ile	GAC Asp	GAA Glu	GTT Val 109	Ala	AAA Lys	GTC Val	TAT	GAA Glu 109	Ile	AAC Asn	CAT His	GGA Gly	CGT Arg 110	Gly	CCA Pro	3001

								_	10							
AAC Asn	CAA Gln	GAA Glu 1105	Gln	ATG Met	AAA Lys	GAT Asp	CTG Leu	Leu	TTG Leu	ACT Thr	GCG Ala	ATG Met	Glu	ATG Met	AAG Lys	3049
CAT His	CGC Arg	Asn	CCC Pro	AGG Arg	CGG Arg	GCT Ala 1129	CTA Leu	CCA	AAG Lys	CCC Pro	AAG Lys 1130	CCA Pro	AAA	CCC Pro	AAT Asn	3097
GCT Ala 1135	Pro	ACA Thr	CAG Gln	AGA Arg	CCC Pro 1140	Pro	GGT Gly	CGG Arg	CTG Leu	GGC Gly 1145	Arg	TGG Trp	ATC Ile	AGG Arg	ACC Thr 1150	3145
GTC Val	TCT Ser	GAT Asp	GAG Glu	GAC Asp 1155	Leu	GAG Glu	TGAG	GCTO	CT G	GGAG	TCTC	ec co	ACAC	CAC		3196
CGCG	CAGG	STG I	GGAC	CACCA	A TI	CGGC	CTTA	CAA	CATO	CCA	AATI	GGAT	CC G	STTCG	CGGGT	3256
CCCC	T															3261
(2)	INFO	RMAT	ION	FOR	SEQ	ID N	10:30	:				•		٠.		
	(i) s	EQUE	NCE	CHAR	ACTE	RIST	ICS:							٠	

- (A) LENGTH: 1012 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

Met Thr Asn Leu Gln Asp Gln Thr Gln Gln Ile Val Pro Phe Ile Arg

1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Leu Met Pro Thr Thr Gly Pro Ala Ser Ile Pro Asp Asp Thr 20 25 30

Leu Glu Lys His Thr Leu Arg Ser Glu Thr Ser Thr Tyr Asn Leu Thr 35 40 45

Val Gly Asp Thr Gly Ser Gly Leu Ile Val Phe Phe Pro Gly Phe Pro 50 55 60

Gly Ser Ile Val Gly Ala His Tyr Thr Leu Gln Gly Asn Gly Asn Tyr 65 70 75 80

Lys Phe Asp Gln Met Leu Leu Thr Ala Gln Asn Leu Pro Ala Ser Tyr 85 90 95

Asn Tyr Cys Arg Leu Val Ser Arg Ser Leu Thr Val Arg Ser Ser Thr 100 105 110

47

Leu Pro Gly Gly Val Tyr Ala Leu Asn Gly Thr Ile Asn Ala Val Thr 115 120 125

WU Y8/UY646

- Phe Gln Gly Ser Leu Ser Glu Leu Thr Asp Val Ser Tyr Asn Gly Leu 130 135 140
- Met Ser Ala Thr Ala Asn Ile Asn Asp Lys Ile Gly Asn Val Leu Val 145 150 155 160
- Gly Glu Gly Val Thr Val Leu Ser Leu Pro Thr Ser Tyr Asp Leu Gly 165 170 175
- Tyr Val Arg Leu Gly Asp Pro Ile Pro Ala Ile Gly Leu Asp Pro Lys 180 185 190
- Met Val Ala Thr Cys Asp Ser Ser Asp Arg Pro Arg Val Tyr Thr Ile 195 200 205
- Thr Ala Ala Asp Asp Tyr Gln Phe Ser Ser Gln Tyr Gln Pro Gly Gly 210 215 220
- Val Thr Ile Thr Leu Phe Ser Ala Asn Ile Asp Ala Ile Thr Ser Leu 225 230 235 240
- Ser Val Gly Glu Leu Val Phe Gln Thr Ser Val His Gly Leu Val 245 250 255
- Leu Gly Ala Thr Ile Tyr Leu Ile Gly Phe Asp Gly Thr Thr Val Ile
 260 265 270
- Thr Arg Ala Val Ala Ala Asn Asn Gly Leu Thr Thr Gly Thr Asp Asn 275 280 285
- Leu Met Pro Phe Asn Leu Val Ile Pro Thr Asn Glu Ile Thr Gln Pro 290 295 300
- Ile Thr Ser Ile Lys Leu Glu Ile Val Thr Ser Lys Ser Gly Gly Gln 305 310 315 320
- Ala Gly Asp Gln Met Ser Trp Ser Ala Arg Gly Ser Leu Ala Val Thr 325 330 335
- Ile His Gly Gly Asn Tyr Pro Gly Ala Leu Arg Pro Val Thr Leu Val 340 345 350
- Ala Tyr Glu Arg Val Ala Thr Gly Ser Val Val Thr Val Ala Gly Val 355 360 365
- Ser Asn Phe Glu Leu Ile Pro Asn Pro Glu Leu Ala Lys Asn Leu Val 370 375 380
- Thr Glu Tyr Gly Arg Phe Asp Pro Gly Ala Met Asn Tyr Thr Lys Leu

385					390					395					400
Ile	Leu	Ser	Glu	Arg 405	Asp	Arg	Leu	Gly	Ile 410		Thr	Val	Trp	Pro 415	Thr
Arg	Glu	Tyr	Thr 420	Asp	Phe	Arg	Glu	Tyr 425		Met	Glu	Val	Ala 430	_	Leu
Asn	Ser	Pro 435	Leu	Lys	Ile	Ala	Gly 440	Ala	Phe	Gly	Phe	Lys		Ile	Ile
Arg	Ala 450	Ile	Arg	Arg	Ile	Ala 455	Val	Pro	Val	Val	Ser 460	Thr	Leu	Phe	Pro
Pro 465	Ala	Ala	Pro	Leu	Ala 470	His	Ala	Ile	Gly	Glu 475	Gly	Val	Asp	Tyr	Leu 480
Leu	Gly	Asp	Glu	Ala 485	Gln	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gly 490	Thr	Ala	Arg	Ala	Ala 495	Ser
Gly	Lys	Ala	Arg 500	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gly	Arg 505	Ile	Arg	Gln	Leu	Thr 510	Leu	Ala
Ala	Asp	Lys 515	Gly	Tyr	Glu	Val	Val 520	Ala	Asn	Leu	Phe	Gln 525	Val	Pro	Gln
	530					535					540			_	Gly
Ala 545	His	Asn	Leu	Asp	Cys 550	Val	Leu	Arg	Glu	Gly 555	Ala	Thr	Leu	Phe	Pro 560
				565	Val			-	570					575	
Ser	Lys	Met	Phe 580	Ala	Val	Ile	Glu	Gly 585	Val	Arg	Glu	Asp	Leu 590	Gln _.	Pro
Pro	Ser	Gln 595	Arg	Gly	Ser	Phe	Ile 600	Arg	Thr	Leu	Ser	Gly 605	His	Arg	Val
	Gly 610	Tyr	Ala	Pro	Asp	Gly 615	Val	Leu	Pro		Glu 620	Thr	Gly	Arg	Asp
Tyr 625	Thr	Val	Val		Ile 630	Asp	Asp	Val	Trp	Asp 635	Asp	Ser	Ile	Met	Leu 640
Ser	Lys	Asp		Ile 645	Pro	Pro	Ile	Val	Gly 650	Asn	Ser	Gly	Asn	Leu 655	Ala
Ile	Ala		Met 660	Asp	Val	Phe		Pro 665	Lys	Val	Pro	Ile	His 670	Val	Ala

- Met Thr Gly Ala Leu Asn Ala Cys Gly Glu Ile Glu Lys Val Ser Phe 675 680 685
- Arg Ser Thr Lys Leu Ala Thr Ala His Arg Leu Gly Leu Arg Leu Ala 690 695 700
- Gly Pro Gly Ala Phe Asp Val Asn Thr Gly Pro Asn Trp Ala Thr Phe 705 710 715 720
- Ile Lys Arg Phe Pro His Asn Pro Arg Asp Trp Asp Arg Leu Pro Tyr 725 730 735
- Leu Asn Leu Pro Tyr Leu Pro Pro Asn Ala Gly Arg Gln Tyr His Leu 740 745 750
- Ala Met Ala Ala Ser Glu Phe Lys Glu Thr Pro Glu Leu Glu Ser Ala 755 760 765
- Val Arg Ala Met Glu Ala Ala Ala Asn Val Asp Pro Leu Phe Gln Ser 770 775 780
- Ala Leu Ser Val Phe Met Trp Leu Glu Glu Asn Gly Ile Val Thr Asp 785 790 795 800
- Met Ala Asn Phe Ala Leu Ser Asp Pro Asn Ala His Arg Met Arg Asn 805 810 815
- Phe Leu Ala Asn Ala Pro Gln Ala Gly Ser Lys Ser Gln Arg Ala Lys 820 825 830
- Tyr Gly Thr Ala Gly Tyr Gly Val Glu Ala Arg Gly Pro Thr Pro Glu 835 840 845
- Glu Ala Gln Arg Glu Lys Asp Thr Arg Ile Ser Lys Lys Met Glu Thr 850 855 860
- Met Gly Ile Tyr Phe Ala Thr Pro Glu Trp Val Ala Leu Asn Gly His 865 870 875 880
- Arg Gly Pro Ser Pro Gly Gln Leu Lys Tyr Trp Gln Asn Thr Arg Glu 885 890 895
- Ile Pro Asp Pro Asn Glu Asp Tyr Leu Asp Tyr Val His Ala Glu Lys
 900 905 910
- Ser Arg Leu Ala Ser Glu Glu Gln Ile Leu Arg Ala Ala Thr Ser Ile 915 920 925
- Tyr Gly Ala Pro Gly Gln Ala Glu Pro Pro Gln Ala Phe Ile Asp Glu 930 935 940
- Val Ala Lys Val Tyr Glu Ile Asn His Gly Arg Gly Pro Asn Gln Glu

945				•	950		•			955					960	
Gln	Met	Lys	Asp	Leu 965	Leu	Leu	Thr	Ala	Met 970	Glu	Met	Lys	His	Arg 975	Asn	
Pro	Arg	Arg	Ala 980	Leu	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys 985	Pro	Lys	Pro	Asn	Ala 990	Pro	Thr	
Gln	Arg	Pro 995	Pro	Gly	Arg	Leu	Gly 1000	Arg	Trp	Ile	Arg	Thr 1005		Ser	Asp	
Glu	Asp 1010		Glu ·													٠
(2)	INFO	RMAT	NOI	FOR	SEQ	ID N	1 0:31	l:				·			·	
	(i)		-		IARAC											•
					i: 32 nucl			-	cs							
					DEDNE								• •			
		(I) TO	POLC	GY:	circ	ular	:								
	(ii)	MOI	ECUI	E TY	PE:	CDNA	١			-	٠				· • ·	
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	(ix)		TURE					-								
			•		CEY:		531									
	•									•			•			
	(xi)	SEC	UENC	E DE	SCRI	PTIC	N: S	EQ I	D NC	31:	;			•		
GGAT	'ACGA	TC G	GTCI	'GACC	C CG	GGGG	AGTO	ACC	CGGG	GAC	AGGC	CATO	AC I	GCCI	TGTTC	60
CTGG	TTGG	AA C	TCCI	CTTT	C TG	CTGT	'ACTA	TCG	TTG	ATG	GTG	AGT	AGA	GAT	CAG	114
												Ser				
												1015				••
						•										
					GAT											162
	Asn 1020		Arg	ser	Asp	Asp 1025		Pro	Asp	GIY	Ser 1030		Pro	Thr	Asp	
ncin	mcc	Calculus (C3 III	N .00	G N G	COM	mam		000	330		666				
					GAG Glu											210
1035					1040			'		1045	_	J		-	1050	
CAT	TCC	GGA	CGA	CAC	CCT	GGA	GAA	GCA	CAC	ACT	CAG	GTC	CGA	AAC	CTC	258
				His	Pro				His	Thr					-	
				1055					1060	1				1065	•	
SAC	TTA	CAA	CTT	GAC	TGT	AGG	GGA	TAC	AGG	GTC	AGG	ACT .	AAT	TGT	CTT	306

Asp Leu Gln Leu Asp Cys Arg Gly Tyr 1070 1075	
TTT CCC TGG ATT CCC TGG TTC AGT TGT Phe Pro Trp Ile Pro Trp Phe Ser Cys 1085 1090	AGG TGC TCA CTA CAC ACT GCA 354 Arg Cys Ser Leu His Thr Ala 1095
GAG CAG TGG GAA CTA CCA ATT CGA CCA Glu Gln Trp Glu Leu Pro Ile Arg Pro 1100 1105	GAT GCT CCT GAC AGC GCA GAA 402 Asp Ala Pro Asp Ser Ala Glu 1110
CCT GCC TGC CAG CTA CAA CTA CTG CAG Pro Ala Cys Gln Leu Gln Leu Leu Gln 1115 1120	GCT AGT GAG CAG GAG TCT AAC 450 Ala Ser Glu Gln Glu Ser Asn 1125 1130
CGT ACG GTC AAG CAC ACT CCC TGG TGG Arg Thr Val Lys His Thr Pro Trp Trp 1135	CGT TTA TGC ACT AAA CGG AAC 498 Arg Leu Cys Thr Lys Arg Asn 1140 1145
CAT AAA CGC AGT GAC CTT CCA CGG AAG His Lys Arg Ser Asp Leu Pro Arg Lys 1150 1155	Pro Glu
ACAACGGGCT GATGTCAGCC ACTGCGAACA TC	AACGACAA GATCGGGAAC GTTCTAGTTG 611
GAGAAGGGGT GACTGTTCTC AGTCTACCGA CTT	CATATGA CCTTAGTTAT GTGAGACTCG 671
GTGACCCCAT CCCCGCAGCA GGACTCGACC CGA	AAGTTGAT GGCCACGTGC GACAGTAGTG 731
ACAGACCCAG AGTCTACACC ATAACAGCTG CAG	GATGAATA CCAATTCTCG TCACAACTCA 791
TCCCGAGTGG CGTGAAGACC ACACTGTTCT CCC	SCCAACAT CGATGCTCTC ACCAGCTTCA 851
GCGTTGGTGG TGAGCTTGTC TTCAGCCAAG TA	ACGATCCA AAGCATTGAA GTGGACGTCA 911
CCATTCACTT CATTGGGTTT GACGGGACAG ACC	•
TTGGGCTGAC AACTGGGACA AACAACCTTG TG	
AGATCACCCA GCCCATCACT TCCATGAAAC TAG	,
	GGTACACT AGCTGTGACG GTGCACGGAG 1151
	CTGGTGGC CTATGAACGA GTGGCTGCAG 1211
GATCTGTTGT CACAGTTGCA GGGGTGAGCA AC	
CAAAGAACCT AGTTACAGAG TATGGCCGCT TT	·
	AAGACAGT CTGGCCCACC AGGGAGTACA 1391
CCGATTCAG GGAGTACTTC ATGGAGGTTG CA	GATCTCAA CTCACCCCTA AAGATTGCAG 1451

GAGCATITGG	CITIAAGGAC	ATAATCCGAG	CCATTCGGAA	GATTGCGGTG	CCAGTGGTAT	1513
CCACACTCTT	CCCTCCAGCT	GCACCCCTAG	CACATGCAAT	CGGAGAAGGT	GTAGACTACC	1571
TCCTGGGCGA	CGAGGCCCAA	GCAGCCTCAG	GGACAGCTCG	AGCCGCGTCA	GGAAAAGCTA	1631
GAGCTGCCTC	AGGACGAATA	AGGCAGCTAA	CTCTCGCAGC	TGACAAGGGG	TGCGAGGTAG	1691
TCGCCAACAT	GTTCCAGGTG	CCCCAGAATC	CCATTGTTGA	TGGCATTCTG	GCATCCCCAG	1751
GAATCCTGCG	TGGCGCACAC	AACCTCGACT	GCGTGCTATG	GGAGGGAGCC	ACTCTTTTCC	1811
CTGTTGTCAT	TACGACACTC	GAGGATGAGC	TGACCCCCAA	GGCACTGAAC	AGCAAAATGT	1871
TTGCTGTCAT	TGAAGGTGTG	CGAGAGGACC	TCCAGCCTCC	ATCCCAACGG	GGATCCTTCA	1931
TTCGAACTCT	CTCTGGCCAT	AGAGTCTATG	GCTATGCCCC	AGACGGAGTA	CTGCCTCTGG	1991
AGACCGGGAG	AGACTACACC	GTTGTCCCAA	TTGATGATGT	GTGGGACGAT	AGCATAATGC	2051
TGTCGCAGGA	CCCCATACCT	CCAATCATAG	GGAACAGCGG	CAACCTAGCC	ATAGCATACA	2111
TGGATGTCTT	CAGGCCCAAG	GTCCCCATCC	ACGTGGCTAT	GACAGGGCC	CTCAATGCCC	2171
GCGGTGAGAT	CGAGAGTGTT	ACGTTCCGCA	GCACCAAACT	CGCCACAGCC	CACCGACTTG	2231
GCATGAAGTT	AGCTGGTCCT	GGAGCCTATG	ACATTAATAC	AGGACCTAAC	TGGGCAACGT	2291
TCGTCAAACG	TTTCCCTCAC	AATCCCCGAG	ACTGGGACAG	GTTGCCCTAC	CTCAACCTTC	2351
CTTATCTCCC	ACCAACAGCA	GGACGTCAGT	TCCATCTAGC	CCTGGCTGCC	TCCGAGTTCA	2411
AAGAGACCCC	AGAACTCGAA	GACGCTGTGC	GCGCAATGGA	TGCCGCTGCA	AATGCCGACC	2471
CATTGTTCCG	CTCAGCTCTC	CAGGTCTTCA	TGTGGTTGGA	AGAAAACGGG	ATTGTGACCG	2531
ACATGGCTAA	CTTCGCCCTC	AGCGACCCAA	ACGCGCATAG	GATGAAAAAC	TTCCTAGCAA	2591
ACGCACCCCA	GGCTGGAAGC	AAGTCGCAGA	GGGCCAAGTA	TGGCACGGCA	GGCTACGGAG	2651
TGGAGGCTCG	AGGCCCCACA	CCAGAAGAGG	CACAGAGGGA	AAAAGACACA	CGGATCTCCA	2711
AGAAGATGGA	AACAATGGGC	ATCTACTTCG	CGACACCGGA	ATGGGTGGCT	CTCAACGGGC	2771
ACCGAGGCCC	AAGCCCCGGC	CAACTCAAGT	ACTGGCAAAA	CACAAGAGAA	ATACCAGAGC	2831
CCAATGAGGA	CTACCCAGAC	TATGTGCACG	CGGAGAAGAG	CCGGTTGGCG	TCAGAAGAAC	2891
AGATCCTACG	GGCAGCCACG	TCGATCTACG	GGGCTCCAGG	ACAGGCTGAA	CCACCCCAGG	2951
CCTTCATAGA	CGAGGTCGCC	AGGGTCTATG	AAATCAACCA	TGGGCGTGGT	CCAAACCAGG	3011

AGCAGATGAA	GGACCTGCTC	CTGACTGCGA	TGGAGATGAA	GCATCGCAAT	CCCAGGCGGG	3071
CTCCACCAAA	GCCAAAGCCA	AAACCCAATG	CTCCATCACA	GAGACCCCCT	GGACGCTGG .	3131
GCCGCTGGAT	CAGGACGGTC	TCCGACGAGG	ACTTGGAGTG	AGGCTCCTGG	GAGTCTCCCG	3191
ACACTACCCG	CGCAGGTGTG	GACACCAATT	CGGCCTTCTA	CCATCCCAAA	TTGGATCCGT	3251
TCGCGGGTCC	CCT					3264

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:

WU 98/09646

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 145 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:

Met Val Ser Arg Asp Gln Thr Asn Asp Arg Ser Asp Asp Lys Pro Asp

1 5 10 15

Gly Ser His Pro Thr Asp Cys Ser Val His Thr Glu Pro Ser Asp Ala 20 25 30

Asn Asp Arg Thr Gly Val His Ser Gly Arg His Pro Gly Glu Ala His
35 40 45

Thr Gln Val Arg Asn Leu Asp Leu Gln Leu Asp Cys Arg Gly Tyr Arg
50 55 60

Val Arg Thr Asn Cys Leu Phe Pro Trp Ile Pro Trp Phe Ser Cys Arg
65 70 75 80

Cys Ser Leu His Thr Ala Glu Gln Trp Glu Leu Pro Ile Arg Pro Asp 85 90 95

Ala Pro Asp Ser Ala Glu Pro Ala Cys Gln Leu Gln Leu Gln Ala
100 105 110

Ser Glu Gln Glu Ser Asn Arg Thr Val Lys His Thr Pro Trp Trp Arg 115 120 125

Leu Cys Thr Lys Arg Asn His Lys Arg Ser Asp Leu Pro Arg Lys Pro
130 135 140

Glu

145

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:

141	CECTIENCE	CHARACTERISTICS:
	SECURNCE	CHARACIERISIICS:

(A) LENGTH: 3264 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: circular

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: 131..3169

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

GGATACGATC GGTCTGACCC CGGGGGAGTC ACCCGGGGAC AGGCCATCAC TGC	CTTGTTC 60
CTGGTTGGAA CTCCTCTTTC TGCTGTACTA TCGTTGATGG TGAGTAGAGA TCA	GACAAAC 120
GATCGCAGCG ATG ACA AAC CTG ATG GAT CAC ACC CAA CAG ATT GTT Met Thr Asn Leu Met Asp His Thr Gln Gln Ile Val 150 155	
TTC ATA CGG AGC CTT CTG ATG CCA ACG ACC GGA CCG GCG TCC AT	
Phe Ile Arg Ser Leu Leu Met Pro Thr Thr Gly Pro Ala Ser Il	e Pro
160 165 170	
GAC GAC ACC CTG GAG AAG CAC ACA CTC AGG TCC GAA ACC TCG AC	T TAC 265
Asp Asp Thr Leu Glu Lys His Thr Leu Arg Ser Glu Thr Ser Th	
175 180 185	190
AAC TTG ACT GTA GGG GAT ACA GGG TCA GGA CTA ATT GTC TTT TT	
Asn Leu Thr Val Gly Asp Thr Gly Ser Gly Leu Ile Val Phe Ph	
195 200 20	5
GGA TTC CCT GGT TCA GTT GTA GGT GCT CAC TAC ACA CTG CAG AG	C AGT 361
Gly Phe Pro Gly Ser Val Val Gly Ala His Tyr Thr Leu Gln Se	r Ser
210 215 220	
GGG AAC TAC CAA TTC GAC CAG ATG CTC CTG ACA GCG CAG AAC CT	
Gly Asn Tyr Gln Phe Asp Gln Met Leu Leu Thr Ala Gln Asn Le 225 230 235	u Pro
225 250 255	
GCC AGC TAC AAC TAC TGC AGG CTA GTG AGC AGG AGT CTA ACC GT	A CGG 457
Ala Ser Tyr Asn Tyr Cys Arg Leu Val Ser Arg Ser Leu Thr Va	l Arg
240 245 250	

			CTC Leu								Asn						505
			TTC Phe														553
			ATG Met 290														601
			GGA Gly														649
			TAT Tyr												CTC Leu		697
			TTG Leu														745
TAC Tyr	ACC Thr	ATA Ile	ACA Thr	GCT Ala 355	GCA Ala	GAT Asp	GAA Glu	TAC	CAA Gln 360	TTC Phe	TCG Ser	TCA Ser	CAA Gln	CTC Leu 365	Ile		793
CCG Pro	AGT Ser	GGC	GTG Val 370	AAG Lys	ACC Thr	ACA Thr	CTG Leu	TTC Phe 375	TCC Ser	GCC Ala	AAC Asn	ATC Ile	GAT Asp 380	GCT Ala	CTC Leu		841
ACC	Ser	TTC Phe 385	AGC Ser	GTT Val	GGT Gly	GGT Gly	GAG Glu 390	CTT	GTC Val	TTC Phe	AGC Ser	CAA Gln 395	GTA Val	ACG Thr	ATC Ile	· · .	889
			GAA Glu													,	937
ACA Thr 415	GAC Asp	GTA Val	GCA Ala	GTC Val	AAG Lys 420	GCA Ala	GTT Val	GCA Ala	ACA Thr	GAC Asp 425	TTT Phe	GGG Gly	CTG Leu	ACA Thr	ACT Thr 430		985
			AAC Asn													:	1033
ATC Ile	ACC	CAG Gln	CCC Pro 450	ATC Ile	ACT Thr	TCC Ser	ATG Met	AAA Lys 455	CTA Leu	GAG Glu	GTT Val	GTG Val	ACC Thr 460	TAC Tyr	AAG Lys	. ;	1081

		GGT Gly						1129
		CAC His						1177
		TAT Tyr: 500						1225
		AAC Asn						1273
		GAG Glu					AAC Asn	1321
		CTG Leu						1369
		GAG Glu						1417
		TCA Ser 580						1465
		GCC Ala						1513
		GCT Ala						1561
		GGC						1609
		AAA Lys						1657
		GAC Asp 660						1705

CAG Gln	GTG Val	CCC Pro	CAG Gln	AAT Asn 675	CCC Pro	ATT Ile	GTT Val	GAT Asp	GGC Gly 680	ATT Ile	CTG Leu	GCA Ala	TCC Ser	CCA Pro 685	GGA Gly	1753
ATC Ile	CTG Leu	CGT Arg	GGC Gly 690	GCA Ala	CAC His	AAC Asn	CTC Leu	GAC Asp 695	TGC Cys	GTG Val	CTA Leu	TGG Trp	GAG Glu 700	GGA Gly	GCC Ala	1801
											GAT Asp		Leu			1849
AAG Lys	GCA Ala 720	CTG Leu	AAC Asn	AGC Ser	AAA Lys	ATG Met 725	TTT Phe	GCT Ala	GTC Val	ATT Ile	GAA Glu 730	GGT Gly	GTG Val	CGA Arg	GAG Glu	1897
GAC Asp 735	CTC Leu	CAG Gln	CCT Pro	CCA Pro	TCC Ser 740	CAA Gln	CGG Arg	GGA Gly	TCC Ser	TTC Phe 745	ATT Ile	CGA Arg	ACT	CTC Leu	TCT Ser 750	1945
GGC Gly	CAT His	AGA Arg	GTC Val	TAT Tyr 755	GGC	TAT Tyr	GCC Ala	CCA Pro	GAC Asp 760	GGA Gly	GTA Val	CTG Leu	CCT Pro	CTG Leu 765	GAG Glu	1993
ACC Thr	GGG Gly	AGA Arg	GAC Asp 770	TAC Tyr	ACC Thr	GTT Val	Val	CCA Pro 775	ATT Ile	gat Asp	GAT Asp	GTG Val	TGG Trp 780	GAC Asp	GAT Asp	2041
AGC Ser	ATA Ile	ATG Met 785	CTG Leu	TCG Ser	CAG Gln	GAC Asp	CCC Pro 790	ATA Ile	CCT Pro	CCA Pro	ATC Ile	ATA Ile 795	GGG Gly	AAC Asn	AGC Ser	2089
GGC Gly	AAC Asn 800	CTA Leu	GCC Ala	ATA Ile	GCA Ala	TAC Tyr 805	ATG Met	GAT Asp	GTC Val	TTC Phe	AGG Arg 810	CCC Pro	AAG Lys	GTC Val	CCC	2137
ATC Ile 815	CAC His	GTG Val	GCT Ala	ATG Met	ACA Thr 820	GGG	GCC	CTC Leu	AAT Asn	GCC Ala 825	CGC	GGT	GAG Glu	ATC Ile	GAG Glu 830	2185
AGT Ser	GTT Val	ACG Thr	TTC Phe	CGC Arg 835	AGC Ser	ACC Thr	AAA Lys	CTC Leu	GCC Ala 840	ACA Thr	GCC Ala	CAC His	CGA Arg	CTT Leu 845	GGC Gly	2233
ATG Met	AAG Lys	TTA Leu	GCT Ala 850	GGT Gly	CCT	GGA Gly	GCC Ala	TAT Tyr 855	GAC Asp	ATT Ile	AAT Asn	ACA Thr	GGA Gly 860	CCT Pro	AAC Asn	2281
TGG Trp	GCA Ala	ACG Thr 865	TTC Phe	GTC Val	AAA Lys	CGT Arg	TTC Phe 870	CCT	CAC	AAT Asn	CCC	CGA Arg 875	GAC Asp	TGG Trp	GAC Asp	2329

AGG Arg	TTG Leu 880	CCC	TAC	CTC Leu	AAC Asn	CTT Leu 885	CCT Pro	TAT	CTC Leu	CCA Pro	CCA Pro 890	Thr	GCA Ala	GGA Gly	CGT	2377
Gln 895	Phe	His	Leu	Ala	Leu 900	Ala	Ala	Ser	Glu	Phe 905	Lys	Glu	Thr	Pro	GAA Glu 910	2425
CTC Leu	GAA Glu	GAC	GCT Ala	GTG Val 915	CGC Arg	GCA Ala	ATG Met	GAT Asp	GCC Ala 920	GCT	GCA Ala	AAT Asn	GCC Ala	GAC Asp 925	CCA Pro	2473
TTG Leu	TTC Phe	CGC Arg	TCA Ser 930	GCT Ala	CTC Leu	CAG Gln	GTC Val	TTC Phe 935	ATG Met	TGG Trp	TTG Leu	GAA Glu	GAA Glu 940	AAC Asn	GGG Gly	2521
ATT Ile	GTG Val	ACC Thr 945	GAC Asp	ATG Met	GCT Ala	AAC Asn	TTC Phe 950	GCC Ala	CTC Leu	AGC Ser	GAC Asp	CCA Pro 955	AAC Asn	GCG Ala	CAT His	2569
AGG Arg	ATG Met 960	AAA Lys	AAC Asn	TTC Phe	CTA Leu	GCA Ala 965	AAC Asn	GCA Ala	CCC	CAG Gln	GCT Ala 970	GGA Gly	AGC Ser	AAG Lys	TCG Ser	2617
	AGG Arg															2665
	ACA Thr									qaA					Lys	2713
AAG Lys	ATG Met	GAA Glu	ACA Thr 1010	Met	GGC Gly	Ile	TAC	TTC Phe 1015	Ala	ACA Thr	CCG Pro	GAA Glu	TGG Trp 1020	Val	GCT Ala	2761
	AAC Asn		His					Pro					Tyr		CAA Gln	2809
	ACA Thr 1040	Arg					Pro					Pro				2857
	GCG Ala					Leu			Glu		Gln					2905
	ACG Thr				Gly					Ala					Ala	2953

TTC Phe	ATA Ile	GAC Asp	GAG Glu 1090	Val	GCC Ala	AGG Arg	GTC Val	TAT Tyr 1095	Glu	ATC	AAC Asn	His	GGG Gly 1100	Arg	GGT Gly	300
CCA Pro	AAC Asn	CAG Gln 110	Glu	CAG Gln	ATG Met	AAG Lys	GAC Asp 1110	Leu	CTC Leu	CTG Leu	ACT Thr	GCG Ala 1115	Met	GAG Glu	ATG Met	3049
AAG Lys	CAT His 1120	Arg	AAT Asn	CCC Pro	AGG Arg	CGG Arg 1125	Ala	CCA Pro	CCA Pro	AAG Lys	CCA Pro 1130	Lys	CCA Pro	AAA Lys	CCC Pro	309
AAT Asn 113	Ala	CCA Pro	TCA Ser	CAG Gln	AGA Arg 1140	Pro	CCT Pro	GGA Gly	CGG Arg	CTG Leu 1145	Gly	CGC Arg	TGG Trp	ATC Ile	AGG Arg 1150	314!
					Asp			TGA	GCT(CCT (GGAC	STCTO	C CC	SACA(CTACC	319
CGC	GCAG (etg :	rgga(CACC	AA T	rcgg	CCTT	TAC	CCAT	CCCA	AATT	rggaj	rcc (STTC	GCGGGT	325
CCC	CT.	٠			• •				•							326
(2)	INF	ORMA'	rion	FOR	SEQ	ID 1	NO : 34	4 :	•					. •		
		(i)	(A (B) LE	CHAI NGTH PE: 6 POLO	: 10 amin	13 ai	mino id	: aci	ds		·				
	(ii)	MOLE	CULE	TYP	E: p	rote	in			. •			,		
	(:	xi)	SEQU	ENCE	DES	CRIP	TION	: SE	Q ID	NO:	34:					
Met 1		Asn	Leu	Met 5		His	Thr	Gln	Gln 10		Val	Pro	Phe	Ile 15	Arg	
Ser	Leu	Leu	Met 20		Thr	Thr	Gly	Pro 25	Ala	Ser	Ile	Pro	Asp 30	Asp	Thr	
Leu	Glu	Lys 35		Thr	Leu	Arg	Ser 40		Thr	Ser	Thr	Tyr 45	Asn	Leu	Thr	
Val	Gly 50		Thr	Gly	Ser	Gly 55		Ile	Val	Phe	Phe 60	Pro	Gly	Phe	Pro	
Gly 65		· Val	. Val	. Gly	Ala 70		Tyr	Thr	Leu	Gln 75	Ser	Ser	Gly	Asn	Tyr 80	
Glr	Phe	. Asp	Gln	Met	Leu	Lev	Thr	Ala	Gln	Asn	Leu	Pro	Ala	Ser	Tyr	

														20	
Asn	Tyr	Сув	Arg 100		Val	Ser	Arg	Ser 105	Leu	Thr	Val	Arg	Ser 110	Ser	Thr
Leu	Pro	Gly 115	Gly	Val	Tyr	Ala	Leu 120	Asn	Gly	Thr	Ile	Asn 125	Ala	Val	Thr
Phe	His 130	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ser	Glu 135	Leu	Thr	Asp	Tyr	Ser 140	Tyr	Asn	Gly	Leu
Met 145	Ser	Ala	Thr	Ala	Asn 150	Ile	Asn	Авр	Lys	Ile 155	Gly	Asn	Val	Leu	Val
Gly	Glu	Gly	Val	Thr 165	Val	Leu	Ser	Leu	Pro 170	Thr	Ser	Tyr	Asp	Leu 175	Ser
Tyr	Val	Arg	Leu 180	Gly	Asp	Pro	Ile	Pro 185	Ala	Ala	Gly	Leu	Asp 190	Pro	Lys
Leu	Met	Ala 195	Thr	Cys	Asp	Ser	Ser	Asp	Arg	Pro	Arg	Val 205	Tyr	Thr	Ile
Thr	Ala 210	Ala	qaA	Glu	Tyr	Gln 215	Phe	Ser	Ser	Gln	Leu 220	Ile	Pro	Ser	Gly
Val 225	Lys	Thr	Thr	Leu	Phe 230	Ser	Ala	Asn	Ile	Asp 235	Ala	Leu	Thr	Ser	Phe 240
Ser	Val	Gly	Gly	Glu 245	Leu	Val	Phe	Ser	Gln 250	Val	Thr	Ile	Gln	Ser 255	Ile
Glu	Val	Asp	Val 260	Thr	Ile	His	Phe	Ile 265	Gly	Phe	Asp	Gly	Thr 270	Asp	Val
Ala	Val	Lys 275	Ala	Val	Ala	Thr	Asp 280	Phe	Gly	Leu	Thr	Thr 285	Gly	Thr	Asn
Asn	Leu 290	Val	Pro	Phe		Leu 295	Val	Val	Pro	Thr	Asn 300	Glu	Ile	Thr	Gln
Pro 305	Ile	Thr	Ser	Met	Lys 310	Leu	Glu	Val	Val	Thr 315	Tyr	Lys	Ile	Gly	Gly 320
Thr	Ala	Gly	Asp	Pro 325	Ile	Ser	Trp	Thr	Val 330	Ser	Gly	Thr	Leu	Ala 335	Val
Thr	Val	His	Gly 340	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Pro	Gly 345	Ala	Leu	Arg	Pro	Val 350	Thr	Leu
Val	Ala	Tyr 355	Glu	Arg	Val	Ala	Ala 360	Gly	Ser	Val	Val	Thr 365	Val	Ala	Gly

- Val Ser Asn Phe Glu Leu Ile Pro Asn Pro Glu Leu Ala Lys Asn Leu 370 380
- Val Thr Glu Tyr Gly Arg Phe Asp Pro Gly Ala Met Asn Tyr Thr Lys 385 390 395 400
- Leu Ile Leu Ser Glu Arg Asp Arg Leu Gly Ile Lys Thr Val Trp Pro 405 410 415
- Thr Arg Glu Tyr Thr Asp Phe Arg Glu Tyr Phe Met Glu Val Ala Asp 420 425 430
- Leu Asn Ser Pro Leu Lys Ile Ala Gly Ala Phe Gly Phe Lys Asp Ile 435 440 445
- Ile Arg Ala Ile Arg Lys Ile Ala Val Pro Val Val Ser Thr Leu Phe 450 455 460
- Pro Pro Ala Ala Pro Leu Ala His Ala Ile Gly Glu Gly Val Asp Tyr 465 470 475 480
- Leu Leu Gly Asp Glu Ala Gln Ala Ala Ser Gly Thr Ala Arg Ala Ala 485 490 495
- Ser Gly Lys Ala Arg Ala Ala Ser Gly Arg Ile Arg Gln Leu Thr Leu 500 505 510
- Ala Ala Asp Lys Gly Cys Glu Val Val Ala Asn Met Phe Gln Val Pro 515 520 525
- Gln Asn Pro Ile Val Asp Gly Ile Leu Ala Ser Pro Gly Ile Leu Arg
 530 535 540
- Gly Ala His Asn Leu Asp Cys Val Leu Trp Glu Gly Ala Thr Leu Phe 545 550 555 560
- Pro Val Val Ile Thr Thr Leu Glu Asp Glu Leu Thr Pro Lys Ala Leu 565 570 575
- Asn Ser Lys Met Phe Ala Val Ile Glu Gly Val Arg Glu Asp Leu Gln 580 585 590
- Pro Pro Ser Gln Arg Gly Ser Phe Ile Arg Thr Leu Ser Gly His Arg 595 600 605
- Val Tyr Gly Tyr Ala Pro Asp Gly Val Leu Pro Leu Glu Thr Gly Arg 610 615 620
- Asp Tyr Thr Val Val Pro Ile Asp Asp Val Trp Asp Asp Ser Ile Met 625 630 635

Leu Ser Gln Asp Pro Ile Pro Pro Ile Ile Gly Asn Ser Gly Asn Leu Ala Ile Ala Tyr Met Asp Val Phe Arg Pro Lys Val Pro Ile His Val Ala Met Thr Gly Ala Leu Asn Ala Arg Gly Glu Ile Glu Ser Val Thr Phe Arg Ser Thr Lys Leu Ala Thr Ala His Arg Leu Gly Met Lys Leu Ala Gly Pro Gly Ala Tyr Asp Ile Asn Thr Gly Pro Asn Trp Ala Thr 705 · Phe Val Lys Arg Phe Pro His Asn Pro Arg Asp Trp Asp Arg Leu Pro Tyr Leu Asn Leu Pro Tyr Leu Pro Pro Thr Ala Gly Arg Gln Phe His Leu Ala Leu Ala Ala Ser Glu Phe Lys Glu Thr Pro Glu Leu Glu Asp Ala Val Arg Ala Met Asp Ala Ala Ala Asn Ala Asp Pro Leu Phe Arg Ser Ala Leu Gln Val Phe Met Trp Leu Glu Glu Asn Gly Ile Val Thr Asp Met Ala Asn Phe Ala Leu Ser Asp Pro Asn Ala His Arg Met Lys Asn Phe Leu Ala Asn Ala Pro Gln Ala Gly Ser Lys Ser Gln Arg Ala Lys Tyr Gly Thr Ala Gly Tyr Gly Val Glu Ala Arg Gly Pro Thr Pro Glu Glu Ala Gln Arg Glu Lys Asp Thr Arg Ile Ser Lys Lys Met Glu Thr Met Gly Ile Tyr Phe Ala Thr Pro Glu Trp Val Ala Leu Asn Gly His Arg Gly Pro Ser Pro Gly Gln Leu Lys Tyr Trp Gln Asn Thr Arg Glu Ile Pro Glu Pro Asn Glu Asp Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Val His Ala Glu

- Lys Ser Arg Leu Ala Ser Glu Glu Gln Ile Leu Arg Ala Ala Thr Ser 915 920 925
- Ile Tyr Gly Ala Pro Gly Gln Ala Glu Pro Pro Gln Ala Phe Ile Asp 930 935 940
- Glu Val Ala Arg Val Tyr Glu Ile Asn His Gly Arg Gly Pro Asn Gln 945 950 955 960
- Glu Gln Met Lys Asp Leu Leu Thr Ala Met Glu Met Lys His Arg
 965 970 975
- Asn Pro Arg Ala Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Pro Lys Pro Asn Ala Pro 980 985 990
- Ser Gln Arg Pro Pro Gly Arg Leu Gly Arg Trp Ile Arg Thr Val Ser 995 1000 1005

Asp Glu Asp Leu Glu 1010

Claims

1. A method for preparing live Birnavirus, comprising the following steps:

preparing a cDNA containing infectious bursal disease virus genome segments A and B,

transcribing said cDNA to produce synthetic RNA transcripts, transfecting host cells with said synthetic RNA transcripts, incubating said host cells in a culture medium, and isolating live infectious bursal disease virus from said culture medium.

- 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein said Birnavirus is infectious bursal disease virus.
- 3. The method according to claim 1, wherein said host cells are African green monkey Vero cells.
- 4. The method according to claim 1, wherein said segments A and B of said cDNA are independently prepared.
- 5. The method according to claim 4, wherein said segment A is present in plasmid pUC19FLAD78 or pUC18FLA23.
- 6. The method according to claim 4, wherein said segment B is present in plasmid pUC18FLBP2.
- 7. A live infectious bursal disease virus, wherein said virus is made by a process comprising the steps of preparing a cDNA containing infectious bursal disease virus genome segments A and B,

transcribing said cDNA to produce a synthetic RNA transcript, transfecting a host cell with said synthetic RNA transcript, incubating said host cell in a culture medium, and isolating live infectious bursal disease virus from said culture medium.

- 8. A synthetic RNA encoding proteins VP1, VP2, VP3, VP4, and VP5 of infectious bursal disease virus.
 - 9. A host cell transfected with the synthetic RNA according to claim 8.
- 10. A cDNA containing at least a portion of the infectious bursal disease virus genome selected from the group consisting of segment A,

segment B and segments A and B of infectious bursal disease virus, wherein said cDNA includes the 5' and 3' terminii of said segments.

- 11. A recombinant vector comprising the cDNA according to claim 10.
- 12. The vector according to claim 11, wherein said vector is a plasmid.
- 13. The vector according to claim 12, wherein said plasmid is selected from the group consisting of pUC19FLAD78, pUC18FLA23 and pUC19FLBP2.
 - 14. A host cell transformed with the vector according to claim 11.
- 15. A vaccine comprising an infectious bursal disease virus according to claim 7, wherein said infectious bursal disease virus is inactivated or attenuated prior to administration.
- 16. A method for producing a live infectious bursal disease virus vaccine, comprising the steps of

preparing a full-length cDNA containing infectious bursal disease virus genome segments A and B,

transcribing said cDNA to produce synthetic RNA transcripts, purifying said synthetic RNA transcripts, transfecting host cells with said purified RNA transcripts, incubating said host cells in a culture medium,

isolating live infectious bursal disease virus from said culture medium, attenuating said live infectious bursal disease virus to produce a virus with reduced virulence, and

combining said live infectious bursal disease virus with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier to produce a live infectious bursal disease virus vaccine.

- 17. The method according to claim 16, wherein said live infectious bursal disease virus is attenuated by serial passage or site directed mutagenesis.
- 18. The method according to claim 1, wherein said host cells are poultry cells.
- 19. The method according to claim 18, wherein said poultry cells are chicken, turkey, or quail cells.

20. The method according to claim 19, wherein said poultry cells are chicken embryo fibroblast cells or chicken embryo kidney cells.

Fig. 1

Fig. 4

Fig. IA

Fig. IB

Fig. IC

Fig. 4A

Fig.4B

Fig. 5A

Fig. 5B

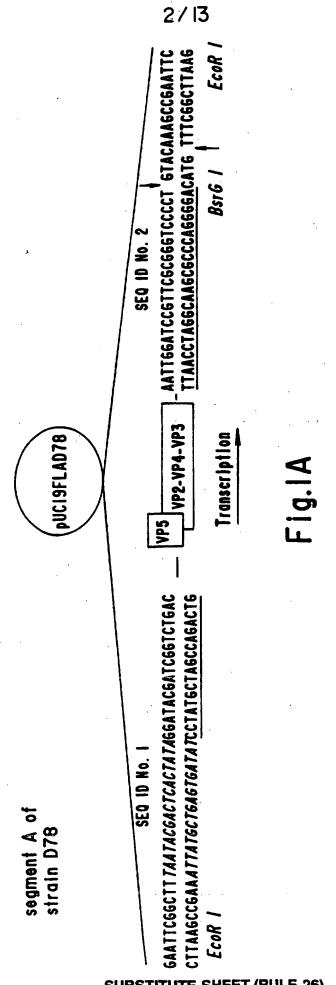
Fig. 6A

Fig. 6B

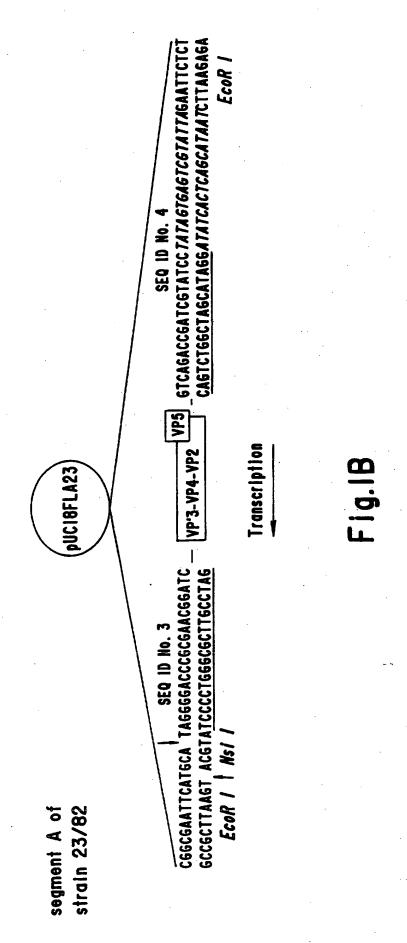
Fig. 6

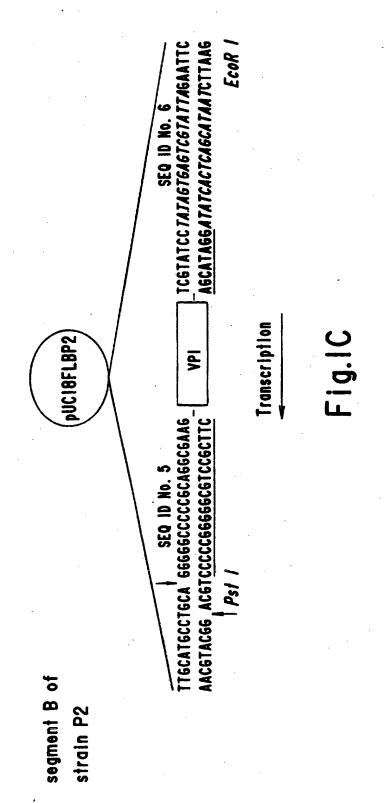
Fig. 5

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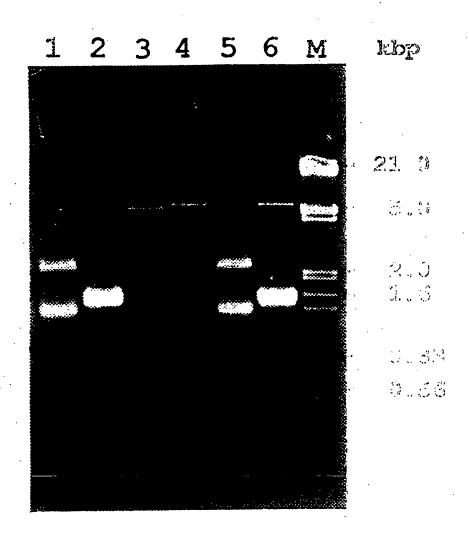


Fig. 2

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	530	540	550	260	570	280
23-82A	66AA6CCT6AGTGAGTTGACTGACTACAGCTACAACGGGCTGATGTCAGCCACTGCGAAC	AGTTGACTGAC	TACAGCTAC	AACGGCTGA	TETCAGCCACT	GCGAAC
SEQ ID NO. / 23A/P2B	66AAGCCTGAGTGAGTTGACTACAGCTACAACGGGCTGATGTCAGCCACTGCGAAC	AGTTGACTGAC	CTACAGCTAC	AACGGCTGA	TETCAGCCACT	IGCGAAC
SEQ 1D NO. 8 P2A SEQ 10 No. 9	66AAGCCTGAGTGAACTGACAGTGTTAGCTACATGGGTTGATGTCTGCAACAGCCAAC 530 540 550 560 570 580	AACTGACAGAT 540	rettaectac. 550	AATGGGTTGA 560	ACCTACAATGGGTTGATGTCTGCAACAGCCAA 550 560 570 58	AGCCAAC 580
23-82A SFO ID NO 7	590 600 610 620 630 640 ATCAACGACAACGACGTTCTAGTTGGAGAGGGGTGACTGTTCTCAGTCTACCG	600 ATCGGGAACGT	610 ICTAGTT66A	620 6AAGGGGTGA	630 CTGTTCTCAG	640 ICTACCE
23A/P2B SF0 10 No. 8	ATCAACGACAAGATCGGGAACGTTCTAGTTGGAGGGGTGACTGTTCTCAGTCTACCG	TCGGGACGT	rctagtt66A	GAAGGGGTGA	CTETTCTCAG	TCTACCG
P2A SEQ ID No. 9	ATCAACGACAAATTGGGAACGTCCTAGTAGGGGAAGGGGTCACCGTCCTCAGCTTACCC 590 600 610 620 630 640	ATTEGGAACET 600	CCTAGTAGGG 610	6AA6666TCA 620	CCGTCCTCA60 630	STTACCC 640

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		130	140	150	091	021	180
23-82B SEO 10 No. 10		TTTTCAATAGTCCACAGGCGCAACGAAGATCTCAGCAGCGTTCGGCATAAAGCCTACTG	ACA66C6C6A	ACGAAGATC.	rcaecaeceT	rcecataaa	GCCTACTG
23A/P28		TTTCAACAGTCCACAGGGGGAAGCACGATCTCAGCAGGGTTCGGCATAAAGCCTACTG	CAGGGGGA	ACCACGATC	rcaecaeceT	rceecataaa	6CCTACT6
SEQ 10 No. 12	•	TTTTCAACAGTCCACAGGGGGAAGCACGATCTCAGCGGTTCGGCATAAAGCCTACTG	CAGGGGGAA	VECACEATC1	ICAGCAGCGT7	CGGCATAAA(6CCTACT6 180
23-828		190	200	210	220	230	240
SEQ 1D No. 10		CI GGALAAGALGI GGAAGALI LI GAI LCCCAAAGI CI GGGI GCCACCI GAGGAI CCGC	CAMBARCIC		AAGICIGGG	PCCACCIBA	9681666
23A/P28 SEO ID No. 11		CTEGACAAGACGTGGAAGAACTCTTGATCCCTAAAGTTTGGGTGCCACCTGAGGATCCGC	SEAAGAACTCI	TEATCCT	4AA6111666	FECCACCTEA	66ATCC6C
P28		CTGGACAAGACGTGGAAGACTCTTGATCCCTAAAGTTTGGGTGCCACCTGAGGATCCGC	GAAGAACTCI	TEATCCT/	AAGTTT6661	reccaccT6A(66ATCC6C
SEQ 1D No. 12		190 200	200	210	220	230	240

Fig.3B

ACCATTCACTTCATTGGGTTTGACGGGACAGGCGTAGCAGTCAAGGCAGTTGCAACAGACTTTGGGCTGA TCCATGAAACTAGAGGTTGTGACCTACAAGATTGGCGGCACCGCTGGTGACCCAATATCATGGACAGTG AGTGGTACACTAGCTGTGACGGTGCACGGAGGCAACTACCCTGGGGCTCTCCGTCCTGTCACCCTGGTGG CTAATACTGAGTGAGAGATCGTCTAGGCATCAAGACAGTCTGGCCCACCAGGGAGTACACCGATTTGA **GGGAGTACTTCATGGAGGTTGCAGATCTCAACTCACCCCTAAAGATTGCAGGAGCATTTGGCTTTAAGGA CAACTGGGACAAACAACCTTGTGCCATTCAACCTGGTGGTCCCAACAATGAGATCACCCAGCCCATCAC CCTATGAACGAGTGGCTGCAGGATCTGTTGTCACAGTTGCAGGGGTGAGCAACTTCGAGCTAATCCCCAA** CCCTGAGCTTGCAAAGAACCTAGTTACAGAGTATGGCCGCTTTGACCCCGGAGCAATGAACTACACCAAA CATAATCCGAGCCATTCGGAAGATTGCGGTGCCAGTGGTATCCACACTCTTCCCTCCAGCTGCACCCCTA **SCACATGCAATCGGAGAAGGTGTAGACTACCTCCTGGGCGACGAGGCCCAAGCAGCCTCAGGGACAGCTC** GAGCCGCGTCAGGAAAAGCTAGAGCTGCCTCAGGACGAATAAGGCAGCTAACTCTCGCAGCTGACAA GGG CATTCCGGACGACACCCTGGAGAGCACACACTCAGGTCCGAAACCTCGACTTACAACTTGACTGTAGGG **CCGAAGTTGATGGCCACGTGCGACAGTAGTGACAGACCCAGAGTCTACACCATAACAGCTGCAGATGAAT** CACCAGCTTCAGCGTTGGTGGTGAGCTTGTCTTCAGCCAAGTAACGATCCAAAGCATTGAAGTGGACGTC CTACT6CA66CTA6T6A6CA66A6TCTAACC6TAC6GTCAA6CACACTCCCT6GT6GCGTTTAT6CACTA TGATGTCAGCCACTGCGAACATCAACGACAAGATCGGGAACGTTCTAGTTGGAGAGGGGTGACTGTTCT **CAGTCTACCGACTTCATATGACCTTAGTTATGTGAGACTCGGTGACCCCATCCCCGCAGCAGGACTCGAC GGATACGATCGGTCTGACCCCGGGGAGTCACCCGGGGACAGGCCATCACTGCCTTGTTCCTGGTTGGAA** CTCCTCTTTCTGCTGTACTATCGTTGATGGTGGTAGAGATCAGACAAACGATCGCAGCGATGACAAACC **GATACAGGGTCAGGACTAATTGTCTTTTTCCCTGGATTCCCTGGTTCAGTTGTAGGTGCTCACTACACAC** FGATGGATCACACCCAACAGATTGTTCCGTTCATACGGAGCCTTCTGATGCCAACGACCGGACCGGCGTC **ACCAATTCTCGTCACAACTCATCCCGAGTGGCGTGAAGACCACACTGTTCTCCGCCAACATGGTGTTCT GTGCGAGGTAGTCGCCAACATGTTCCAGGTGCCCCAGAATCCCATTGTTGATGGCATTCTGGCATCCCC**C 8 77 841 <u>4</u>0 47 98 261 331 561 631 5 05 49 = 2 <u>6</u> 351 42 <u>=</u>

28

4

SAGCAGATGAAGGACCTGCTCCTGACTGCGATGGAGGATGAAGCATCGCAATCCCAGGCGGGCTCCACCAA TCCATCTAGCCCTGGCTGCCTCCGAGTTCAAAGAGACCCCAGAACTCGAAGACGCTGTGCGCGCAATGG ATGCCGCTGCAAATGCCGACCCATTGTTCCGCTCAGCTCTCCAGGTCTTCATGTGGTTGGAAGAAACGG **GATTGTGACCGACATGGCTAACTTCGCCCTCAGCGACCCAAACGCGCATAGGATGAAAAACTTCCTAGCA AACGCACCCCAGGCTGGAAGCAAGTCGCAGAGGGCCAAGTATGGCACGGCAGGCTACGGAGTGGAGGCTC GAGGCCCCACACCAGAGAGGCACAGAGGGAAAAAGACACGGATCTCCAAGAAGATGGAAACAATGGG** CATCTACTTCGCGACACCGGAATGGGTGGCTCTCAACGGGCACCGAGGCCCAAGCCCCGGCCAA CTCAAG TACTGGCAAAACACAAGAGAATACCAGAGCCCAATGAGGACTACCCAGACTATGTGCACGCGGGAGAGA **GCCGGTTG GCGTCAGAAGAACAGATCCTACGGGCAGCCACGTCGATCTACGGGGCTCCAG GACAGGCTGA** accacccc aggccttcatagacgaggtcgccagggtctatgaaatcaaccatgggcgtggtccaaaccag **AGCCAAAGCCAAAACCCAATGCTCCATCACAGAGCCCCCTGGACGGCTGGGCCGCTGGATCAGGACGGT** CTCCGACG AGGACTTGGAGTGAGGCTCCTGGGAGTCTCCCGACACTACCCGCGCGGGTGT GGACACCAAT CATICCCGAGACTGGGACAGGTTGCCCTACCTCAACCTTCCTTATCTCCCACCAACAGGAGGACGTCAG 5GCTATGCCCCAGACGGAGTACTGCCTCTGGAGACCGGGAGAGTACACCGTTGTCCCAATTGATGATG I A G C T G G T C C T G G C C T T A A T A C A G A C C T A A C T G G G C A A C G T T C G T T T C C C T C A |GTGGGACGATAGCATAATGCTGTCGCAGGACCCCATACCTCCAATCATAGGGAACAGCGGCAACCTAGC CATAGCATACATGGATGTCTTCAGGCCCAAGGTCCCCATCCACGTGGCTATGACAGGGGCCCTCAATGCC ;GCGGTGAGATCGAGAGTGTTACGTTCCGVAGCACCAAACTCGCCACAGCCCACCGACTTGGCATGAAGT SCGAGAGGACCTCCAGCCTCCATCCCAACGGGGATCCTTCATTCGAACTCTCTGGCCATAGAGTCTA TACGACACTCGAGGATGAGCTGACCCCCAAGGCACTGAACAGCAAAATGTTTGCTGTCATTGAAGGTG **1CGG CCTTCTACCATCCCAAATTGGATCCGTTCGCGGGTCCCCT** 2941 2451 2591 2661 2731 2801 2871 301 3081 2381 2521 2241 23 196 203 2101 2171

Total number of bases is: 3264. DNA sequence composition: 834 A; 942 C; 853 G;

635

Sequence name: 23-82A (SEQ ID NOS: 31 and 33

Fig.4B

GAACTAGCAAAGAACCTGGTTACAGAATACGGCCGATTTGACCCAGGAGCCATGAACTACACAAAATTG CATGCAATTGGGGAAGGTGTAGACTACCTGCTGGCGATGAGGCACAGGCTGCTTCAGGAACTGCTCGAG CGAGGTAGTCGCGAATCTATTCCAGGTGCCCCAGAATCCCGTAGTCGACGGGATTCTTGCTTCACCTGGG TGCAGGGCAATGGGAACTACAAGTTCGATCAGATGCTCCTGACTGCCCAGAACCTACCGGCCAGTTACAA CTACTGCAGGCTAGTGAGTCGGAGTCTCACAGTGAGGTCAAGCACATTCCTGGTGGCGTTTATGCACTA ATCTACCTCATAGGCTTTGATGGGACAACGGTAATCACCAGGGCTGTGGCCGCAAACAATGGGCTGACGA CCGGCACCGACAACCTTATGCCATTCAATCTTGTGATTCCAACAAACGAGATAACCCAGCCAATCACATC **ACGAAAGAGTGGCAACAGGATCCGTCGTTACGGTCGCTGGGGTGAGCAACTTCGAGCTGATCCCAAATCC** CCGCGTCAGGAAAAGCAAGAGCTGCCTCAGGCCGCATAAGGCAGCTGACTCTCGCCGCCGACAAGGGGTA CATTCCGGACGACACCCTGGAGAAGCACACTCTCAGGTCAGAGACCTCGACCTACAATTTGACTGTGGGG **GACACAGGGTCAGGGCTAATTGTCTTTTTCCCTGGATTCCCTGGCTCAATTGTGGGTGCTCACTACACAC** CTCCTCCTTCTACAACGCTATCATTGATGGTTAGTAGAGATCAGACAAACGATCGCAGCGATGACAAACC **666AGCCTAGCAGTGACGATCCATGGTGGCAACTATCCAGGGGCCCTCCGTCCCGTCACGCTAGTGGCCT** GCAAGATCAAACCCAACAGATTGTTCCGTTCATACGGAGCCTTCTGATGCCAACAACAGCGGCGGCGTC **CAGCTTACCCACATCATATGATCTTGGGTATGTGAGGCTTGGTGACCCCATTCCCGCAATAGGGCTTGA** NATACTTCATGGAGGTGGCCGACCTCAACTCTCCCCTGAAGATTGCAGGAGCATTCGGCTTCAAAGACA **AACGGCACCATAAACGCCGTGACCTTCCAAGGAAGCCTGAGTGAACTGACAGATGTTAGCTACAATGGG** IGATGTCTGCAACAGCCAACATCAACGACAAAATTGGGAACGTCCTAGTAGGGGAAGGGGTCACCGTCC **ATCCGGGCCATAAGGAGGATAGCTGTGCCGGTGGTCTCCACATTGTTCCCACCTGCCGCTCCCCTAGC ATACTGAGTGAGGGACCGTCTTGGCATCAAGACCGTCTGGCCAACAAGGGAGTACACTGACTTCGT** CCAAAAATGGTAGCCACATGTGACAGCAGTGACAGGCCCAGAGTCTACACCCATAACTGCAGCCGATGA STACTCC6C6GT6CACACACCTC6ACT6C6TGTTAAGA6A6G6T6CCAC6CTATTCCCT6T6GTT/ 8 ຂ 421 49 561 631 771841 981 051 261 331 40 47 541 351 2 **=** 2 281 <u>6</u> <u>=</u>9

Fig.5

CACCTTGCCATGGCTGCATCAGAGTTCAAAGAGACCCCCGAACTCGAGAGTGCCGTCAGAGCAATGGAAG CAGATGAAAGATCTGCTCTTGACTGCGATGGAGATGAAGCATCGCAATCCCAGGCGGGCTCTACCAAAGC **CCAAGCCAAAACCCAATGCTCCAACACAGAGACCCCCTGGTCGGCTGGGCCGCTGGATCAGGACCGTCTC GTGACTGACATGGCCAACTTCGCACTCAGCGACCCGAACGCCCATCGGATGCGAAATTTTCTTGCAAAC SCACCACAAGCAGCAGCAAGTCGCAAAGGGCCAAGTACGGGACAGCAGGCTACGGAGTGGAGGCTCGGG ACCCCAAGCTTTCATAGACGAAGTTGCCAAAGTCTATGAAATCAACCATGGACGTGGCCCAAACCAAGAA 16AAGACCTCCAACCTCCATCTCAAAGAGGATCCTTCATACGAACTCTCTGGACACAGAGACTCTATGGA SGCGAGATTGAGAAAGTAAGCTTTAGAAGCACCAAAGCTCGCCACTGCACACCCGACTTGGCCTTAGGTTGG CCACGCCACTGGGACAGGCTCCC.CTACCTCAACCTACCATACCTTCCACCCAATGCAGGACGCCAGTAC SCCCCACACCAGAGGAAGCACAGAGGGAAAAAGACACACGGATCTCAAAGAAGAGATGGAGCCATGGGCAT** :TACTTTGCAACACCAGAATGGGTAGCACTCAATGGGCACCGAGGGCCAAGCCCCGGCCAGCTAAAGTAC **GATGAGGACCTTGAGTGAGGCTCCTGGGAGTCTCCCGACACCACCCGCGCGGGTGTGTGGACACCAATTCG** :TGGTCCCGGAGCATTCGATGTAAACACCGGGCCCAACTGGGCAACGTTCATCAAACGTTTCCCTCACAA **36GACGACAGCATTATGCTGTCCAAAGATCCCATACCTCCTATTGTGGGAAACAGTGGAAATCTAGCCAT ATGCTCCAGATGGGGTACTTCCACTGGAGACTGGGAGAGACTACACCGTTGTCCCAATAGATGATGTCT** 16CTTACATGGATGTTTCGACCCAAAGTCCCAATCCATGTGGCTATGACGGGAGCCCTCAATGCTTG1 CAGCAGCCAACGTGGACCCACTATTCCAATCTGCACTCAGTGTGTTCATGTGGCTGGAAGAGAATGGGA **GGTTGGCATCAGAAGAACAAATCCTAAGGGCAGCTACGTCGATCTACGGGGCTCCAGGACAGGCAGAGC**(:GACAGTGGAAGACGCCATGACACCCAAAGCATTGAACAGCAAAATGTTTGCTGTCATTGAAGGCGTGC **SCCTTACAACATCCCAAATTGGATCCGTTCGCGGGTCCCCT** 2731 2801 2941 3011 3081 2241 2311 2381 2451 2591 2661 2871 2521 2031 2101 217

Total number of bases is: 3261.

DNA sequence composi†ion: 873 A; 909 C; 847 G; 632 T; 0 OTHER;

Sequence name: D78F (SEQ ID NOS: 27 and 29)

Fig.5B

<u>0</u> —	CGCTGG	AGAGAGA	I ACTCCC FGGAGAT CCGCCAG	TAAAGGA ACAAGCA	CTTGGGT	CGACTTT	TGTTGAA	GTACTTA CGGAACA	A CAGCCC	TACATTE	ACATGCA	AACATGG	CACTAGT	GGACAAG	STCCTCC TTGACCT
9	GATACCCG(CAACAGTC(AGTTCCTC/	CTCCCTATA ATGCGTAC	CGAGGCC	CTCTAAAG	GTAGATGG	ATCAACAC	TGACTATTG	GATGTCCA.	SACAACATA	TCGCCAAC,	TAATEAACA	CTTGAGCA	TCAATTGA	GACAGCTT TGTTGAGC
20	ACTAGGGGC TGACATTT	GACTGGCAA	ACTCTATCT ACTCTATCT AGAAGCCCA	CAGAGGCCAA AAGTGGGAC	AACAAGGAT(TAGGCCCACC	SACGGGAGAC	CAGAGAGC	CATGTTAAG ACATGGCTC/	CTGGCCCG1	STATATECE(CAAACTGCA	SACCCAATO	ACAACCACCI	SGAGTTCAA	SCAAGCTGA
0	GGGTCTGACCCTCTGGGAGTCACGAATTAACGTGGCTACTAGGGGCGATACCCGC CGCTGG TAGTGGCTCCTCTTCTTGATGATTCTGCCACCATGAGACATTTTCAACAGTCCACAGGC	GGGTGCCACCTGAGGATCCGCTTGCCAGCCCTAGTCGACTGGCAAAGTTCCTCAGAGAGA	AAAGIIIIGCAGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGAAIGAGGAGIAIGAGACGGAGGAGTATTGGGGGCCC CATGGATGCGACAGATAGAAGGGGCTGTTTTAAAACCCACTCTATCTCCCTATTGGAGAT CTTCCCAAAGTACTACCCAACACATCGCCCTAGCAAGGAGAAGCCCAATGCGTACCCGCCAG	TACTCAAGCAGATGATTTACCTGTTTCTCCAGGTTCCAGAGGCCAACGAGGGCCTAAAGGA CCTCTTGACCCAAAACATAAGGGACAAGGCCTATGGAAGTGGGACCTACATGGGACAAGCA	FGTGGCCATGAAGGGGTCGCCACTGGAAGAACCCAAACAAGGATCCTCTAAAGCTTGGGT GAGAGCATCGCGCAGCTACTTGACATCACACTACCGGTAGGCCCACCGGTGAGGATGACAA	TGCCACTCACAAGATCACGTCACGGATGTTGGTGCTGACGGGGGGGCGTAGATGGCGACTTTAGATTACCA	ACAATTGGCGAGATGATAGCTATCTCAAACCAGTTTCTCAGAGAGCTATCAACACTGTTGAA	CAGGGACAAAGGGGICAAACAAGAAGAAGCIACICAGCATGTTAAGTGACTATTGGTACTTA GCTTTTGTTTCCAAAGGCTGAAAGGTACGACAAAGTACATGGCTCACCAAGACCGGGAACA	GCTCCATCCCCAACACACCTCATGATCTCTATGATCACCTGGCCCGTGATGTCCAACACGCCCTTCAAACATCAAAAAAAA	CGAGTGGATATTGGCCCCGGAAGAACCCAAGGCTCTTGTATATGCGGACAACATATACATTG	AACACGTGGTACTCAATTGACCTAGAGAAGGGTGAGGCAAACTGCACTCGCCAACACATGCA	GTACTACATACTCACCAGAGGGTGGTCAGACACGGCGACCCAATGTTCAATCAA	ATGGTCAAGGCAGCGGGAATGCAGCCACGTTCATCAACAACCACCTCTTGAGCACACTAGT	16TGGAACCTGATGAGACAGCCCAGACCAGACAGCGAGGAGTTCAAATCAATTGAGGACAAG	CAACIIIAAGAIIGAGAGGICCAIIGAIGAIATCAGGGCCAAGCTGAGACAGCTTGTCCTCC CCAGGGTACCTGAGTGGGGGGTTGAACCAGACAATCCAGCCCAACTGTTGAGCTTGACCT
30	STCACGAAT ATGATTCTG	CCGCTTGCC	AGGGCTGT ACACATCGC	ACCTGTTTC AAGGGACAA	GCCACTGGA/ TTGACATCA	GTCACGGAT	CTATCTCAA	CAAGAAGAA GAAAGGTAC	TCATGATCT	GAAGAACCC	ACCTAGAGA	AGGGTGGTC,	ATGCAGCCA	GCCCAGACC	ICCALIGAL GGGTTGAAC
50	CCTCTGGGA CTCTTCTTG AGGTTCGG	CCTGAGGAT	ACAGATAGA TACTACCA	AGATGATTT	AAGGAGGTC	CCCAAATC	AGATGATAG	GGGG CAAA FCCAAAGGCT	CAACACACC	ATTGGCCCCG	FACTCAATTG	ACTCACCAG	GCAGCGGGA	GATGAGACA	A I I GAGAGG TGAGTGGGG
o	GGGTCTGAC TAGTGGCTC GATCTCAGG	TGGGTGCCA	ATGGATGCG TTCCCAAAG	TACTCAAGC:CCTCTTGAC	GTGGCCATG	GCCACTCAC	CAATTGGCG	CTTTTTTT	CTCCATCCC	GAGTGGAT	ACACGTGG1	GTACTACAT	ATGGTCAAG	GTGGAACCT	AACIIIAAG CAGGGTACC
<u> </u>	GGATACGAT CCGCCACGT	CTAAAGT	SCTTAGG GGAGTAC	ACATCGCAC TGAAGTAAC	TCGACT ACTTTT	GCCCTGGG 1	AAGG AGAG	TCAT GCGG	TATGGTCAG AAATAACGI	TCGT	CACTCA	AGCCGCAAT	AAGACCI	TTGACCA	CIAGGIAIC TTGCACAAC
	- 24	_	421 421							_	331	401 471	541	119	751

<u>.i</u>g

TGTTGGGCTCCACCTGCCCGCCAAGAGAGCCACCGGTGTCCAGGCCGCTCTTCTCGGAGCAGGAACGAG CAGACCAATGGGGATGGAGGCCCCAACACGGTCCAAGAACGCCGTGAAAATGGCCAAACGGCGGCAACGC CAAAAGGAGAGCCGCTAACAGCCATGATGGGAACCACTCAAGAAGAGGACACTAATCCCAGACCCCGTAT **6GAGAAAGCCGACATCGCCAGCAAGGTCGCCCACTCAGCACTCGTGGAAACAAGCGACGCCCTTGAAGCA GTTCAGTCGACTTCCGTGTACACCCCCAAGTACCCAGAAGTCAAGAACCCACAGACCGCCTCCAACCCCG** CTCGTCCTTCTAGCCACAGCAAGAAGCCGTCTGCAAGATGCAGTTAAGGCCAAGGCAGAAGCCGAGAAAC TTTGTTCTGCTGCGTATCCCAAGGGAGTAGAGACAAGAGTCTCAAGTCCAAAGTCGGGATCGAGCAGG CATACAAGGTAGTCAGGTATGAGGCGTTGAGGTTGGTAGGTGGTTGGAACTACCCACTCCTGAACAAAGC CTGCAAGAATAACGCAGGCGCCGCTCGGCGCATCTGGAGGCCAAGGGGTTCCCACTCGACGAGTTCCTA CTGAGAGCCTAGCCGAACTGAACAAGCCAGTACCCCCCAAGCCCCCAAATGTCAACAGACCAGTCAACAC **ACTAGGGTGGTCAGCTACATACAGCAAAGATCTCGGGATCTATGTGCCGGTGCTTGACAAGGAACGCCTA** SCC6A6TGGICTGAGCTGTCAGAGTTCGGTGAGGCCTTCGAAGGCTTCAATATCAAGCTGACCGTAACAT CCACAAGTCCAAGCCAGACGCCCGATGCAGACTGGTTCGAAAGATCAGAACTCTGTCAGACCTTCT cccesccTTcsccTs csssscccc 2381 2451 2591 2521 2661 273 2241 2311 203 210 2171

Total number of bases is: 2827.

DNA sequence composition: 796 A; 770 C; 724 G; 537 T; 0 OTHER;

Sequence name: P2B (SEQ ID No: 25)

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US97/12955

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(-)	:Please See Extra Sheet. :Please See Extra Sheet.						
According	to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both	h national classification and IPC					
B. FIE	LDS SEARCHED						
Minimum d	locumentation searched (classification system follower	ed by classification symbols)					
U.S. :	424/184.1, 204.1, 816, 826; 435/71.1, 235.1, 236,	237, 238, 239, 320.1; 536/23.72					
Documenta	tion searched other than minimum documentation to th	e extent that such documents are included	in the fields searched				
<u> </u>	data base consulted during the international search (n	same of data have and subservers provinceble	a seemb terms used)				
t .	N-MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS, CABA	amo or the one and, where practices	o, search commo about				
C. DOC	CUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT						
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where a	ppropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.				
X	1-2, 4-20						
X	7, 15-20						
X US 5,192,539 A (VAN DER MAREL ET AL) 09 MARCH 1993 1-3, 7, (09/03/93), see entire document.							
x	8						
•			-				
X Furt	her documents are listed in the continuation of Box (C. See patent family annex.					
'A' da	pecial cetagories of cited documents: cument defining the general state of the art which is not considered	eTe later document published after the inte data and not in conflict with the appl the principle or theory underlying the	lication but cited to understand				
•B• •e	be of particular relevance rlier document published on or after the international filing data	"X" document of particular relevance; the considered novel or cannot be considered when the document is taken alone					
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P do	cument published prior to the international filing data but leter than	*&* document member of the same patent	t family				
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US97/12955

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No
X	BAYLISS et al. A comparison of the sequences of segment A of four infectious bursal disease virus strain and identification of a variable region in VP2. Journal of General Virology. 1990, Vol. 71, pages 1303-1312, see entire document.	1-2, 5-8, 10-13
Y	MORGAN et al. Sequence of the Small Double-Stranded RNA Genomic Segment of Infectious Bursal Disease Virus and Its Deduced 90kDa Product. Virology. 1988, Vol. 163, pages 240-242, see entire document.	1-20
<i>(</i>	SPIES et al. Nucleotide sequence of infectious bursal disease virus genome segment A delineates two major open reading frames. Nucleic Acids Research. 1989, Vol. 17, No. 19, page 7982, see entire document.	1-20
7	WO 91/16925 A1 (UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND at COLLEGE PARK) 14 NOVEMBER 1991 (14/11/91), see entire document.	1-20
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US97/12955

A.	CLASSIFICATION	OF	SUBJECT	MATTER:	
IP	7. (6):				

A61K 39/00, 39/38, 39/12; C12P 21/04; C12N 7/00, 7/01, 7/02, 7/04, 7/06, 7/08, 15/00, 15/09, 15/63, 15/70, 15/74

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER: US CL :

424/184.1, 204.1, 816, 826; 435/71.1, 235.1, 236, 237, 238, 239, 320.1; 536/23.72